ABN 96 142 490 579 Annual Report 30 June 2011

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Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

The directors present their report together with the financial report of Mastermyne Group Limited ("the Company") and of the Group, being the Company and its subsidiaries, for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 and the auditor's report thereon.

1 Directors

The directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Mr P. Slaughter (appointed 22 March 2010) - Bachelor of Engineering (Metallurgical) (Hons), Graduate Diploma Company Director Course.

Chairman (independent)

Experience and other directorships

Peter has significant Australian and international experience in the non-ferrous, iron ore, nickel, coal and precious metals sectors, spanning over 40 years, initially with M.I.M. Holdings Limited and more recently as a director and consultant. Peter has served on various public boards in Australia, Europe and Canada. He has also been involved in waste recycling, manufacturing, the service sector and research and development companies at a senior level in Australia and internationally. He is a Fellow of the Australiasian Institute of Mining & Metallurgy, the Australian Institute of Company Directors and the Institute of Directors in the United Kingdom; he is also a Fellow and Hon Life member Australian Institute of Management

Peter was previously a non-executive director of Nomad Building Solutions Limited August 2006 to December 2010, Sunshine Gas Limited June 2007 - Dec 2010 and non-executive Chairman of Monto Minerals Limited May 2002 to September 2008 and Childcare Centres of Australia Limited.

Special Responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee
Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Mr I. Hall (appointed 22 March 2010 - resigned 30 March 2011) - Bachelor of Business (Accountancy), Graduate Certificate in Management, Diploma of Financial Services

Non - executive Director (independent)

Experience and other directorships

In his former career, Ian Hall was one of Brisbane's and Australia's leading insolvency practitioners. He brings 25 years experience in the insolvency industry with the last 17 years as a Partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC").

Special Responsibilities

Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Mr J Wentworth (appointed 30 March 2011) - Bachelor of Laws (Hons), Bachelor of Commerce Non - executive Director (independent)

Experience and other directorships

James is a highly regarded financial services executive with 17 years experience in private equity transactions, acquisitions and integration, management and exit of investments, strategy development, structuring and finance. He has international experience and a background in the legal profession. He is currently Finance Director with ASX listed Finders Resources Ltd, appointed March 2011 and has previously worked at Champ Ventures, Goldman Sachs and Macquarie Bank.

Special Responsibilities

Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Mr D. Hamblin (appointed 10 March 2010) - Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical)

Non - executive Director

Experience and other directorships

Darren has been involved in the mining industry since graduating as a mechanical engineer in 1991. He has worked directly for mine owners as well as contractors in operations, planning and maintenance roles. Darren co-founded Mastermyne in 1996.

Following the appointment of Tony Caruso as CEO in 2005, Darren focused on developing Mastermyne's longer term business strategies and systems. Darren implemented Pronto throughout the business during 2007. Darren became a non-executive Director in 2008.

Special Responsibilities

Member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 2011

1 Directors (continued)

Mr A.Watts (appointed 10 March 2010)
Executive Director

Experience and other directorships

Andrew has been involved in contracting within the mining industry since 1994 and co-founded Mastermyne in 1998. Andrew was responsible for all aspects of Mastermyne's operations until the appointment of Tony Caruso as CEO in 2005. Andrew's current focus is on business development and acquisitions. Andrew relocated to Sydney in early 2010 to focus on the New South Wales market.

Mr.A. Caruso (appointed 10 March 2010) - Post Graduate Degree in Business Management Managing Director

Experience and other directorships

Tony was appointed CEO of Mastermyne in 2005 and Managing Director in 2008 and has overall corporate responsibility for Mastermyne

Tony has over 20 years experience in underground mine contracting services. Prior to joining Mastermyne, Tony was the General Manager of Allied Mining in Queensland and a consultant to the underground mining sector. He has a trade background plus a post graduate degree in Business Management and is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Management.

2 Company secretary

Mr W Lyne was appointed to the position of company secretary on 22 March 2010. Bill has a wealth of experience in the role of Company Secretary of public companies ranging from stock exchange listed to small private companies and 'not for profit' charities. He also holds appropriate qualifications including a Bachelor of Commerce degree, and he is a Chartered Accountant and a Fellow of Chartered Secretaries Australia.

Bill has operated his own business, Australian Company Secretary Service, since 1998, providing professional company secretarial, corporate compliance, governance and administrative services to clients across a wide range of industries. Bill is currently company secretary of ASX listed Galilee Energy Limited, Orion Metals Limited and Jumbo Interactive Limited of which he is also a director.

Mr C Kneipp was appointed Joint Company Secretary of the Company on 24 August 2011. Chris has a Bachelor in Commerce, is a Certified Practicing Accountant and is a graduate of the Australian institute of Company Directors. Chris has been with the Group since March 2006 and has over 8 years experience in the mining industry.

3 Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year are:

| Director | Board N | /leetings | | k Management e Meetings | | on & Nomination ee Meetings |
|-----------------|---------|-----------|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | A | В | Α | В | A | В |
| Mr P. Slaughter | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| Mr I. Hall | 8 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Mr D. Hamblin | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| Mr J. Wentworth | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Mr A. Watts | 10 | 10 | | | | |
| Mr A. Caruso | 10 | 10 | | | | |

A – Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the year

B - Number of meetings attended

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 2011

4 Operating and financial review Financial Overview

Profit for the year

The Group revenue increased 68% to \$164.830 million in FY2011 (2010: \$98.122 million), increases were across all divisions of the business, with the most significant increase being \$62.9 million from the Underground division. This is a direct result of securing three new contracts across Queensland and New South Wales.

Net profit after tax for the year was \$11.742 million (2010: \$4.775 million). Increased profits are a result of growth in revenues, prior year one off expenses associated with the IPO and business acquisitions totalling \$3.618 million (pre-tax) and a one off tax benefit of \$2.362 million in the year ending 30 June 2011 as a result of forming a tax consolidated group. These were partly offset by a net expense of \$0.593 million (pre-tax) as a result of an explosion at Pike River Coal Mine consisting of an asset impairment, receivable impairment and an insurance receivable.

Cash Flows

The cash position as at 30 June 2011 was \$6.020 million (2010: \$8.718 million). The decreased cash is impacted by the following significant items:

- net cash inflows from operating activities for the year of \$9.393 million (2010: net cash inflows of \$15.099 million), this result is below prior year largely due to changes in working capital as a result of this year's growth;
- net cash outflows from investing activities for the year of \$2.725 million (2010: net cash outflows of \$2.570 million), primarily as a result of the capital expenditure during the period; and
- net cash outflows from financing activities for the year of \$9.366 million (2010: net cash outflows of \$9.411 million), primarily as
 a result of the Group repaying debt and paying dividends to shareholders.

Balance Sheet

The Group had \$19.180 million of capital expenditure to the year ended 30 June 2011 (2010: \$6.031 million). Of the total, \$5.1 million is yet to produce any revenue, and another \$7.7 million only started producing revenue in the final quarter of the year. The Group invested in the capital during this period to take advantage of the short lead times which have now seen grow on the back of increased demand. Returns for this equipment will be realised in future periods as the equipment is put into service.

As a result of the capital expenditure total debt has increased by \$9.058 million to \$23.09 million at 30 June 2011 (2010: \$14,032 million).

Operational Overview

2011 has been a year of significant and successful organic growth for the Mastermyne Group with 68% top line growth from the previous financial year. The strategy as defined in the IPO prospectus of expanding the range of services and geographical expansion are now well embedded and have led to several new opportunities and contracts which will underpin the business well into the future.

Safety management has continued to be at the core of the companies operating principals and we have seen ongoing improvement in our leading and proactive safety measures. Our lagging statistics have increased in the earlier stages of this year under the strain of growth and regardless that the injuries were minor in nature, the safety performance received the immediate attention of the company including the Managing Director. Furthermore the company strengthened the safety team via the appointment of several key positions, resulting in an improved safety performance from the later stages of the financial year. We have seen a tightening in the market for human resources but the company has successfully recruited in the 2011 financial year. This was achieved through a well-developed strategy which included domestic and international recruitment as well as the very successful training centre based in Mackay.

The business exceeded the prospectus forecast in all key financial metrics in its first full year as a public company. The significant revenue growth was driven by securing three new long term contracts across Queensland and NSW. Margins were down from IPO prospectus forecast for the full year due to three main factors but commenced recovering in the second half of the year. The Group continues to perform well on all contracted work and the order book and sales pipeline are strong.

The significant operational highlights for the financial year included:

- \bullet Top line organic growth was up by 68% from previous corresponding period
- Profitability exceeded prospectus forecasts on both a statutory and underlying basis.
- Margins were impacted due to three main factors, being the effects of using sub contract labour in the first half of the year, a
 mine access interruption at one of the major projects in January and a full year loss in the Services Division.
- Employee numbers at 823 for the full year up 46% from previous corresponding period
- Operations have continued to deliver strong performance which underpins long term relationships with major coal producers

Outlook

The underground mining sector was largely unaffected by the weather events of 2010 /11 and as a result has continued to grow strongly in both Qld and NSW. Underground contract services remain in very high demand and Mastermyne is well placed to capitalise on this. Mastermyne is in the very sound position of having an order book contracted for 2012 that will deliver growth on the 2011 results. The company will use this strong position to consolidate and focus on organic growth over 2012.

The sales pipeline beyond 2012 continues to build with tier 1 and 2 coal companies well advanced on several large scale underground projects and further projects in the approval stage. The combination of these builds a very solid long term pipeline of opportunities.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

Remuneration report

Principles of remuneration - audited

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and the Group, including directors of the Company and other executives. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and executives listed below.

- Mr A. Purse, General Manager Underground (appointed 3 March 2008)
 Mr C. Kneipp, Financial Controller (appointed 20 March 2006)
- Mr D. Fitzpatrick, General Manager Services (appointed 10 August 2009)
- Mr J. Hayward, Business Development Manager (appointed 22 March 2010, resigned 23 October 2010)
- Ms V. Gayton, Human Resources Manager (appointed 11 August 2010)
 Ms B. Jooste, Group Executive Safety Manager (appointed 14 June 2011)

Compensation levels for key management personnel of the Group are competitively set to attract and retain and motivate appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives. The remuneration committee obtains independent data on the appropriateness of remuneration packages of the Group given trends in comparative companies and sectors both locally and nationally and the objectives of the Company's compensation strategy.

The remuneration structures of the group are designed to attract and reward suitably qualified candidates, rewarding the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of creation of value for shareholders. The remuneration structures consist of both a fixed and variable component, designed around KPI's aligned with the short and long term strategic objectives of the group. Remuneration structures reflect:

- the capability and experience of the key management personnel
- the key management personnel's ability to control the relevant segment/s' performance
- the recognition of the key management personnel's contribution to the group's performance

In addition to their salaries, the Group also provides non-cash benefits to its key management personnel, and contributes to a post-employment defined contribution superannuation plan on their behalf. The reviews are conducted under the terms of reference set down for the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (RNC).

Fixed remuneration

Fixed remuneration consists of base compensation (which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any FBT charges related to employee benefits including motor vehicles), as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds.

Remuneration levels of the CEO/Managing Director are reviewed annually by the RNC through a process that considers individual, segment and overall performance of the Group. In addition external data is provided for analysis of key management personnel's remuneration to ensure it remains competitive by benchmarking against the market place. The chairman of the RNC sources data independently of management from appropriate independent advisors. For other key executive management, the CEO/Managing Director will submit recommendations to the RNC along with relevant supporting data and externally independent comparative information A senior executive's compensation may also be reviewed upon promotion or in line with movements in the market place during the period.

Performance linked remuneration

Non executive Directors are not eligible to participate in performance linked remuneration of either a short or long term nature.

Performance linked remuneration includes both short-term and long-term incentives and is designed to reward key management personnel for meeting or exceeding their financial and personal objectives. The short-term incentive (STI) is an 'at risk' bonus provided in the form of cash.

Short-term incentive bonus

The Mastermyne short term incentive plan was introduced as a structured incentive, to reward key management personnel's performance against predetermined KPIs. The KPIs include measures aligned with the strategic objectives of the Group, with specific measures (normally 5 or 6) for individual performance, group performance and underlying performance of the relevant segment. The measures are chosen to align the individual's reward to the strategic goals of the Group.

The financial performance objectives may vary by individual and are broadly based on profitability compared to budgeted amounts approved by the board each year. The non-financial objectives vary dependent upon position and responsibility and are aligned with the measures and targets, set to achieve the strategic objectives of the group on an annual basis. STI payments must be self funding.

At the end of the financial year the remuneration committee assess the actual performance of the Group, the relevant segment and individual against the KPI's set at the beginning of the financial year. Payment of individual bonuses is based on the assessment of the remuneration committee with recommendations from the managing director (for employees other than the managing director) taking into consideration the overall performance of the individual for the period. The managing director's STI bonus is set by the remuneration committee based on assessment of his/her performance against agreed KPIs as assessed by the RNC and recommended to the Board. In all cases, the Board retains the discretion not to pay any STI; the Board also has the discretion to modify (down or up) payments based on recommendations from the RNC

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

5.1 Principles of remuneration - audited (continued)

Long-term incentive

An employee performance rights plan was adopted by the board on 22 March 2010 and the plan was activated by resolution of the board as of 1 July 2010. The purpose of the employee performance rights plan is to attract, motivate and retain executives, encouraging individuals to participate in the company through ownership of shares. The objective is to improve Mastermyne's performance by aligning the interests to those of the shareholders and the group.

The CEO/Managing Director was issued 1,050,000 performance rights during the period, which vest in two tranches at 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013. The grant of these rights were made in Accordance with the Company's Employee Rights Plan voted upon by shareholders at the 2010 AGM. The ability to exercise the options is conditional on the Group meeting it's performance hurdles.

These performance hurdles comprise of three components, vesting of these rights is subject to meeting the criteria of these three components as follows:

- The first relates to relative total shareholder return (TSR criteria). The performance right subject to the TSR relative ranking performance condition will wholly vest if Mastermyne's TSR Ranking over the performance period (i.e. 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013) is in the 80th percentile. If the TSR relative ranking performance condition is between the 60th and 80th percentiles, 50% of shares will vest. Below this range no shares will vest. The TSR performance criteria was chosen as it is widely accepted as one of the best indicators of shareholder wealth creation as it includes share price growth, dividends and other capital adjustments.
- The second criteria relates to growth in earnings per share (EPS criteria). The performance right subject to the EPS relative ranking performance condition will wholly vest if Mastermyne's EPS growth ranking relative to the S&P/ASX 300 accumulation index over the performance period (i.e. 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013) is at least 15%. If the EPS growth ranking is between 15% and 20%, 50% of shares will vest. Below this range no shares will vest. EPS will be calculated on the basis of basic earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 133 Earnings per share. EPS was chosen as it is a good indicator of the Company's growth in earnings and is aligned to shareholder wealth objectives.
- The third criteria are the key management personnel must be employed by the Group at on the relevant vesting dates.

There were no performance rights granted to Key Management Personnel other than the CEO/Managing Director during the period. Rights will be granted in accordance with the employee performance rights plan in the 2012 Financial Year for Key Management Personnel participating in the Long Term Incentive plan.

The purpose of the employee performance rights plan is to attract, motivate and retain executives, encouraging individuals to participate in the company through ownership of shares. The objective is to improve Mastermyne's performance by aligning the interests to those of the shareholders and the group.

The Group has no policy in place regarding hedging of options or rights by key management personnel.

Short-term and long-term incentive structure

The remuneration committee considers that the above performance-linked compensation structures will achieve the objectives of attracting, retaining and motivating suitably experienced executives. In the current year the Group exceeded its targets, with most segments meeting or exceeding budgeted results.

Consequences of performance on shareholders wealth

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholders wealth, the remuneration committee have regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years.

| | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Profit attributable to owners of the | | | | | |
| Company | \$ 11,742,000 | \$ 4,775,000 | \$ 6,149,000 | \$ 3,278,000 | \$ 3,395,000 |
| Dividends paid | \$ 2,636,000 | \$ 359,000 | \$ 474,380 | \$ 468,000 | \$ 459,000 |
| Change in share price | 42% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Return on capital employed | 34.99% | 24.69% | 41.37% | 42.44% | 51.02% |

Profit is considered as one of the financial performance targets in setting the STI. Profit amounts for 2007 to 2011 have been calculated in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs).

The overall level of key management personnel compensation takes into account the performance of the Group over a number of years. Over the past four years the Group's profit from ordinary activity after income tax has grown at a compound annual growth rate of 37.6% percent. During the same period compound annual growth of key management personnel compensation was 22.88%. This is driven largely by an increase in the number of key management personnel increasing from five to twelve.

Other benefits

Key management personnel can receive additional benefits as non-cash benefits, as part of the terms and conditions of their appointment. Non-cash benefits typically include motor vehicle benefits, and the Company pays fringe benefits tax on these benefits.

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 2011

5.1 Principles of remuneration - audited (continued)

Executive Service Agreements

It is the Group's policy that service agreements for key management personnel are unlimited in term but capable of termination on 3 months' notice and that the Group retains the right to terminate the contract immediately, by making payment equal to 3 months' pay in lieu of notice.

The Group has entered into service agreements with each key management person that are capable of termination on three month's notice. The Group retains the right to terminate an agreement immediately by making payment equal to three month's pay in lieu of notice. The CEO/Managing Director's contract was reviewed during the period and the termination provisions of that contract were extended to 9 months. The CEO/Managing Director's contract has no fixed term.

Key management personnel are also entitled to receive on termination of employment their statutory entitlements of accrued annual, long service leave and sick leave, together with any superannuation benefits. Non Executive Directors are not eligible for annual leave, long service leave nor sick leave although they may be granted leave of absence in specific circumstances.

The service agreements outline the components of remuneration paid to the key management personnel but does not prescribe how remuneration levels are modified year to year. Remuneration levels are reviewed each year by the RNC and take into consideration any change in the scope of the role performed by the senior executive or with any changes made to the remuneration policy during the period. Remuneration is benchmarked against the external market place with the objective to ensure senior executives are rewarded equitably by reference to their individual performance and the group's overall performance.

Directors Fees

Remuneration of non executive directors for the current period was based on comparative roles in the market place as at March 2010. A review of non executive director fees in May 2011, indicated that there was some discrepancy in comparison to similar sized entities in the mining services sector but the RNC decided to make no recommendation for a change in fees. In future years the aggregate remuneration of non executive directors will be an amount determined by the shareholders from time to time in the annual general meeting. The fees will be divided between directors in proportions agreed to from time to time by the total board.

Remuneration of non executive directors is a direct reflection of the demands and responsibilities of such a role and is inclusive of all committee fees and superannuation guarantee levy.

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 20

For the year ended 30 June 2011

5.2

Directors' and executive officers' remuneration - audited
Details of the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of each director of the company, each of the five named company executives and relevant group executives who receive the highest remuneration and other key management personnel of the consolidated entity are:

| n AUD | Salany & Fees (5) | STI cash bonus (5) | Non- monetary benefits | Total (\$) | Super- annuation Benefits (5) | | Options and rights (5) | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|---|------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| | | | | Non-execut | Non executive directors | | | | | |
| Mr P Slaughter | 82,428 | | , | 82,428 | 7,418 | | | 89,846 | %00.0 | 0.00% |
| Mr D Hamblin | 48,624 | • | | 48,624 | 4,376 | | , | 53,000 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr I Hall | 42,437 | , | 1 | 42,437 | 3,819 | | | 46,256 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr J Wentworth | 13,749 | - | • | 13,749 | • | | • | 13,749 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| | | | | Executive | Executive Directors | | | | | |
| Mr A Watts | 175,271 | | | 175,271 | 15,750 | | | 191,021 | %00'0 | 0.00% |
| Mr A Caruso | 319,680 | 121,439 | 15,000 | 456,119 | 27,395 | | 127,250 | 610,764 | 40.72% | 20.83% |
| | | | | Exec | Executives | | | | | |
| Mr A Purse | 231,565 | 85,353 | 15,000 | 331,918 | 19,640 | | | 351,558 | 24.28% | 0.00% |
| Mr D Fitzpatrick | 206,123 | | 15,000 | 221,123 | 14,043 | | | 235,166 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr C Kneipp | 163,813 | 32,932 | 15,000 | 211,745 | 14,503 | | | 226,248 | 14.56% | 0.00% |
| Ms V Gayton | 128,517 | , | | 128,517 | 11,482 | ٠ | , | 139,999 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mrs B Jooste | 6,169 | | 658 | 6,827 | 555 | | , | 7,382 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr T Zahra * | 411,745 | | 15,000 | 426,745 | 20,369 | 1 | , | 447,114 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr G Pilkington * | 204,303 | | | 204,303 | 11,864 | • | , | 216,167 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr J Hayward | 71,328 | - | | 71,328 | 5,959 | , | | 77,287 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Totals | 2,105,752 | 239,724 | | 75,658 2,421,134 | 157,173 | | 127,250 | 127,250 2,705,557 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

* Included in the top five remunerated employees for the year but not included in Key Management Personnel disclosures

Notes in relation to the 2011 tables of directors' and executive officers' remuneration

Mr I Hall resigned as a director on 30 March 2011

• Mr J Wentworth was appointed as a director on 30 March 2011

• Mr J. Hayward resigned as Business Development Manager on 23 October 2010 • Ms V Gayton was appointed as Group Human Resources Manager on 11 August 2010

Mrs B Jooste was appointed as Group Executive Safety Manager on 14 June 2011

• The short term incentive bonus is for performance during the respective financial year. The amount was finally determined on 3 August 2011 after performance review were completed and approved by the remuneration committee.

• The fair value of the options is calculated at the date of grant using a binomial pricing model and allocated to each reporting period evenly over the period from grant date to vesting date. The value disclosed is the portion of the fair value of the options recognised in this reporting period.

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 2011 6.2 Directors' and executive officers' remuneration - audited (continued) Notes in relation to the 2011 tables of directors' and executive officers' remuneration (continued)

| Totals | 1,550,355 | 230,921 | | 100,000 1,881,276 | 122,990 | | 753,000 | 753,000 2,757,266 | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| Mr J Hayward | 64,573 | 10,000 | | 74,573 | 5,488 | • | , | 80,062 | 12.49% | 0.00% |
| Mr T Rae * | 66,219 | | 5,000 | 71,219 | 5,519 | • | 376,500 | 453,237 | 0.00% | 83.07% |
| Mr P Cosgrove * | 66,952 | | 2,000 | 71,952 | 5,584 | ٠ | 376,500 | 454,037 | 0.00% | 82.92% |
| Mr T Zahra * | 356,704 | • | 15,000 | 371,704 | 18,351 | • | , | 390,055 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr C Kneipp | 166,208 | 45,107 | 15,000 | 226,315 | 11,342 | • | | 237,657 | 18.98% | 0.00% |
| Mr D Fitzpatrick | 120,875 | | 15,000 | 135,875 | 10,879 | • | ı | 146,754 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr A Purse | 200,715 | 38,447 | 15,000 | 254,162 | 19,499 | • | | 273,661 | 14.05% | 0.00% |
| | | | | Exec | Executives | | | | | |
| Mr A Caruso | 285,189 | 137,367 | 15,000 | 437,556 | 26,266 | | - | 463,822 | 29.62% | 0.00% |
| Mr A Watts | 145,385 | | 15,000 | 160,385 | 13,085 | • | | 173,470 | %00'0 | 0.00% |
| | | | | Executive | Executive Directors | | | | | |
| Mr I Hall | 13,750 | | 1 | 13,750 | 1,237 | | • | 14,987 | %00.0 | 0.00% |
| Mr D Hamblin | 41,284 | | | 41,284 | 3,715 | | - | 44,999 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Mr P Slaughter | 22,500 | | 1 | 22,500 | 2,025 | | | 24,525 | %00'0 | 0.00% |
| | | | | Non-execut | Non -executive directors | | | | | |
| in AUD | Salary & Fees (\$) | (\$) | benefits | Total | (s) | | (\$) | 1 | | |
| | | STI cash bonus | Non- monetary | | annuation Benefits | | Options and rights | | | |
| | | | | | Super- | | | | | 0.000 |
| | | | | | | | | | n - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Included in the top five remunerated employees for the year but not included in Key Management Personnel disclosures

Notes in relation to the 2010 tables of directors' and executive officers' remuneration - audited

• In 2010 directors fees for Mr P. Slaughter and Mr I. Hall are from 30 April 2010 to 30 June 2010 as directors of Mastermyne Group Limited. The remaining directors remuneration is for the full year as directors of Mastermyne Pty Ltd before the IPO, and also as directors of Mastermyne Group Limited after the company was formed this

Mr D Fitzpatrick was appointed as General Manager of Mastermyne Engineering on 10 August 2009.

• Mr J. Hayward was appointed as Business Development Manager on 22 March 2010.

• The short term incentive bonus is for performance during the respective financial year. The amount was finally determined on 9 August 2010 after performance review were completed and approved by the remuneration committee.

• The fair value of the options were calculated at the date of grant using a Black Scholes pricing model and allocated to each reporting period evenly over the period from grant date to vesting date. The value disclosed is the portion of the fair value of the options recognised in this reporting period.

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Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

5.3 Analysis of bonuses included in remuneration - audited

Details of the vesting profile of the short-term incentive cash bonuses awarded as remuneration to each director of the Group, each of the five named Group executives and other key management personnel are detailed below.

| | Included in remuneration \$ (A) | % vested in year | % forfeited in year (B) |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Directors Mr A.Caruso | 121,439 | 73% | 27% |
| Executives Mr A.Purse Mr C.Kneipp | 85,353 32,932 | 69% 92% | 31% 8% |

⁽A) Amounts included in remuneration for the financial year represent the amount that vested in the financial year based on achievement of personal goals and satisfaction of specified performance criteria. No amounts vest in future financial years in respect of the bonus schemes for the 2011 financial year.

5.4 Equity Instruments - audited

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of Mastermyne Group Limited which are exercisable on a one for one basis.

5.4.1 Options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation - audited

Details of options over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as compensation to each key management person during the reporting period and details on options that vested during the reporting period are as follows:

| | Number of options granted during 2011 | Grant date | Fair value per option at grant date (\$) | Exercise price per option (\$) | Expiry date | Number of Options vested during 2011 |
|---------------------------|--|------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Executives Mr A.Caruso | 105,000 | 23/11/2010 | 0.40 | 1.054 | 30 June 2013 | - |
| Mr A.Caruso | 630,000 | 23/11/2010 | 0.44 | 0.79 | 30 June 2014 | - |
| Mr A.Caruso | 45,000 | 23/11/2010 | 0.60 | 1.054 | 30 June 2013 | - |
| Mr A.Caruso | 270,000 | 23/11/2010 | 0.60 | 0.79 | 30 June 2014 | - |

No options have been granted since the end of the financial year. The options were provided at no cost to the recipients.

5.4.2 Modification of terms of equity-settled share based payments transactions - audited

No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions (including options and rights granted as compensation to a key management person) have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during the reporting period or the prior period.

⁽B) The amounts forfeited are due to the performance or service criteria not being met in relation to the current financial year.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

5.4.3 Exercise of options granted as compensation - audited

During the reporting period there were no shares issued on the exercise of options previously granted as compensation:

5.4.4 Analysis of options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation - audited

Details of vesting profiles of the options granted as remuneration to each key management person of the Group and each of the five named Group executives are detailed below.

| | Number of options granted during 2011 | Grant date | % vested in year | % forfeited in year | Financial year in which grant vests |
|-------------|--|-------------|------------------|------------------------|--|
| Executives | | | | | |
| Mr A.Caruso | 105,000 | 23 November | 0% | 0% | 2012 |
| Mr A.Caruso | 630,000 | 23 November | 0% | 0% | 2013 |
| Mr A.Caruso | 45,000 | 23 November | 0% | 0% | 2012 |
| Mr A.Caruso | 270,000 | 23 November | 0% | 0% | 2013 |

5.4.5 Analysis of movements in options - audited

The movement during the reporting period, by value, of options over ordinary shares in the Company held by each key management person and each of the five named Group executives is detailed below.

| | Granted in year \$ (A) | Value of options exercised in year \$ (B) | Lapsed in Year \$(C) |
|-------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Executives | | | |
| Mr A.Caruso | 42,000 | - | - |
| Mr A.Caruso | 277,200 | - | - |
| Mr A.Caruso | 27,000 | - | - |
| Mr A.Caruso | 162,000 | - | - |

⁽A) The value of options granted in the year is the fair value of the options calculated at grant date using a binomial option pricing model. The total value of the options granted is included in the table above. This amount is allocated to remuneration over the vesting period.

⁽B) The value of options exercised during the year is calculated as the market price of shares of the Company as at close of trading on the date the options were exercised after deducting the price paid to exercise the option.

⁽C) The value of the options that lapsed during the year represents the benefit forgone and is calculated at the date the option lapsed assuming the performance criteria had been achieved.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

6 Principal activities

The principal activities of the Group during the course of the financial year were to provide contracting services to the underground long wall mining operations and surface maintenance and electrical services in the coalfields of Queensland's Bowen Basin and New South Wales.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There have not been any significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2011.

7 Environmental regulation

The Group is subject to various environmental regulations under both Commonwealth and State legislation in relation to its involvement in the operation of mines.

The Board believes that the Group has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of those environmental requirements as they apply to the Group.

8 Dividends

Dividends paid or declared by the Company to members since the end of the previous financial year were:

| | \$ per share | Total amount (\$) | Franked/ unfranked | Date of payment |
|--|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Declared and paid during the year 2011 | | | | |
| 2010 Ordinary - Ordinary Shares Final Dividend | 0.01 | 875 | Franked | 5/10/2010 |
| 2011 Ordinary - Ordinary Shares Interim Dividend | 0.02 | 1,761 | Franked | 15/04/2011 |
| Total amount | | 2,636 | | |

Franked dividends declared as paid during the year were franked at the rate of 30 per cent.

After the balance sheet date, a dividend of 3.7 cents per share was declared by the Directors, fully franked at the rate of 30%. The record date for entitlement to this dividend will be 28 September 2011 and the payment date will be 13 October 2011.

9 Events subsequent to reporting date

Subsequent to year-end the directors declared a dividend of 3.7cents per share as per the details set out in note 20 of the annual financial report.

Other than the matter discussed above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

10 Likely developments

The underground mining sector was largely unaffected by the weather events of 2010 /11 and as a result has continued to grow strongly in both Qld and NSW. Underground contract services remain in very high demand and Mastermyne is well placed to capitalise on this. Mastermyne is in the very sound position of having an order book contracted for 2012 that will deliver growth on the 2011 results. The company will use this strong position to consolidate and focus on organic growth over 2012.

Further information about likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

11 Directors' interests

The relevant interest of each director in the shares, debentures, interests in registered schemes and rights or options over such instruments issued by the companies within the Group, as notified by the directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with S205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of this report is as follows:

| | Mastermyne G | roup Limited |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| | Ordinary shares | Options over ordinary shares |
| Mr P. Slaughter | 110,000 | - |
| Mr J. Wentworth | - | - |
| Mr D. Hamblin | 10,155,658 | - |
| Mr A. Watts | 15,105,428 | - |
| Mr A. Caruso | 1,798,000 | 1,050,000 |

12 Share options

Unissued shares under options

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are:

| Expiry date | Exercise price | Number of shares |
|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 28 February 2012 | \$ 0.92 | 2,000,000 |

All options vested on 1 March 2010, and are able to be exercised provided that the relevant individual remains in the employment of the Group. These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

13 Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors Indemnification

The Company has agreed to indemnify the following current directors of the company, Mr P Slaughter, Mr A Caruso, Mr D Hamblin, Mr A Watts and Mr J Wentworth for all liabilities to another person (other that than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position within the company and its controlled entities, except where liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities including costs and expenses.

The company has not made a relevant agreement, or indemnified against a liability, for any person who is or has been an auditor of the company.

Insurance premiums

The directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premiums paid in respect of the directors' and officers' liability and legal expenses insurance contracts, as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contracts.

The company has agreed to indemnify the current directors and all officers of its controlled entities against all liabilities to another person (other that than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position, except where liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2011

14 Non-audit services

During the year KPMG, the Company's auditor, has performed certain other services in addition to their statutory duties.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and in accordance with written advice provided by resolution of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and
- and the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Company, KPMG, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below. In addition, amounts paid to other auditors for the statutory audit have been disclosed:

| | Consolidated | | |
|---|--------------|----------|--|
| In AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Audit services: | | | |
| Auditors of the Company | | | |
| audit and review of financial reports (KPMG Australia) | 181,624 | 160,669_ | |
| | 181,624 | 160,669 | |
| Services other than statutory audit: Other assurance services | | | |
| Investigating Accountants Report (KPMG Australia) | - | 555,000 | |
| Other services | | | |
| Taxation compliance services (KPMG Australia) | 40,997 | 26,144 | |
| Risk Management Services | 56,000 | - | |
| <u></u> | 96,997 | 581,144 | |

15 Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave for Court to bring proceeding on behalf of the company or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or any part of those proceedings. The Group was not a part to any such proceedings during the year.

16 Lead auditor's independence declaration

The Lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 22 and forms part of the Directors' report for financial year ended 30 June 2011.

17 Rounding off

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

This report is made with a resolution of the Directors:

P. Slaughter

Chairman

Dated at Mackay this 24th day of August 2011.

Corporate Governance Statement

MASTERMYNE GROUP LIMITED

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Company and its Board of Directors are committed to fulfilling their corporate governance obligations and responsibilities in the best interests of the Company and its various stakeholders.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to provide a statement in their Annual Report disclosing the extent to which they have followed the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations adopted by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("Recommendations") in the reporting period. These Recommendations are guidelines, designed to improve the efficiency, quality and integrity of the Company. The Recommendations are not prescriptive, but if a company considers that a recommendation should not be followed having regard to its own circumstances, the company has the flexibility not to follow it but in its Annual Report it must identify which Recommendations have not been followed and give reasons for not following them.

This Corporate Governance Statement ("Statement") and the Company's suite of corporate governance documents referred to in the Statement, and other relevant information for stakeholders, are displayed on the Company's website www.mastermyne.com.au. The Company has complied with the Recommendations, to the extent outlined in this Statement, throughout the year or as otherwise noted.

1.1 Scope of Responsibility of Board

Responsibility for the Company's proper corporate governance rests with the Board. The Board's guiding principle in meeting this responsibility is to act honestly, conscientiously and fairly, in accordance with the law, in the interests of Mastermyne Group's Shareholders (with a view to building sustainable value for the Shareholders) and those of employees and other stakeholders.

The Board's broad function is to:

- chart strategy and set financial targets for the Company;
- monitor the implementation and execution of strategy and performance against financial and non-financial targets; and
- appoint and oversee the performance of executive management and generally to take and fulfil an effective leadership role.

Power and authority in certain areas is specifically reserved to the Board – consistent with its function as outlined above. These areas include:

- composition of the Board itself including the appointment and removal of Directors;
- oversight of the Company including its control and accountability system;
- appointment and removal of senior management including the Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary;
- reviewing and overseeing systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of ethics and conduct, and legal and statutory compliances;
- monitoring senior management's performance and implementation of strategy; and
- approving and monitoring financial and other reporting and the operation of committees.

The Board has delegated functions, responsibilities and authorities to the Managing Director and senior executives to enable them to effectively manage the Company's day-to-day activities.

Corporate Governance Statement

1.2 Composition of Board

The Board performs its roles and function, consistent with the above statement of its overall corporate governance responsibility, in accordance with the following principles:

- the Board should comprise at least three Directors with a maximum of ten Directors;
- a majority of the Directors must be non-executive Directors;
- at least two of the Board must be independent; and
- the Chairman of the Board must be independent and a non-executive Director.

In line with these principles the Board currently comprises five Directors as follows

- Peter Slaughter Independent non-executive Chairman
- James Wentworth Independent non-executive Director
- Darren Hamblin Non-executive Director
- Tony Caruso Managing Director
- Andrew Watts Executive Director

Details of each Director's qualifications, experience and expertise, their involvement in Board and committee meetings, and the period for which they have been in office, are set out in the Directors' Report.

1.3 Board Charter

The Board has adopted a Board Charter to give formal recognition to the matters outlined above. This Charter sets out various other matters that are important for effective corporate governance including the following:

- a detailed definition of "independence" for the purposes of appointment of Directors;
- a framework for annual performance review and evaluation;
- approval of criteria for monitoring and evaluating the performance of senior executives;
- approving and monitoring capital management and major capital expenditure;
- frequency of Board meetings;
- ethical standards and values ensuring compliance with the Company's governing documents and Codes of Conduct;
- risk management identifying risks, reviewing and ratifying the Company's systems of internal compliance and control;
- establishment of Board committees: Audit and Risk Management Committee, Remuneration and Nomination Committee; and
- communications with Shareholders and the market.

These initiatives, together with other matters provided for in the Board Charter, are designed to promote good corporate governance and generally build a culture of best practice in Mastermyne Group's own internal practices and in its dealings with others.

Corporate Governance Statement

1.4 Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Company has established this committee to advise on the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control and appropriate ethical standards for the management of the Company. The committee comprises the following members:

- James Wentworth (Chair)
- Peter Slaughter
- Darren Hamblin

The committee performs a variety of functions relevant to risk management and internal and external reporting and reports to the Board following each meeting. Among other matters for which the committee is responsible are the following:

- qualifications of committee members;
- review and approve and update internal audit and external audit plans;
- review and approve financial reports or financial information, including such information as is to be distributed externally;
- review the effectiveness of the compliance function;
- the committee may investigate any matter brought to its attention;
- obtain outside accounting, legal, compliance, risk management or other professional advice as it determines necessary to carry out its duties;
- · review and approve accounting policies;
- · report to the Board and make recommendations to the Board;
- periodically meet separately with management, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss:
 - the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting and financial controls, including the Company's policies and procedures to assess, monitor, and manage business risk, and legal and ethical compliance programs;
 - issues and concerns warranting audit and risk management committee attention, including but not limited to their assessments of the effectiveness of internal controls and the process for improvement;
- corporate risk assessment and compliance with internal controls;
- assessment of the internal audit function and financial management processes supporting external reporting;
- review of the effectiveness of the external audit function;
- review of the performance and independence of the external auditors and make suggestions to the Board:
- · review any significant legal matters and corporate legal reports;
- review areas of greatest compliance risk;
- review and discuss media releases, ASX announcements and any other information provided to analysts;
- · assessing the adequacy of external reporting for the needs of Shareholders; and
- monitoring compliance with the Company's Codes of Conduct, risk management policies and compliance function.

Corporate Governance Statement

Meetings are held often enough to undertake the Audit and Risk Management Committee's role effectively, being at least four times each year. The committee may invite such other persons to its meetings as it deems necessary.

1.5 Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The purpose of this committee is to assist the Board and make recommendations to it in relation to the appointment of new Directors (both executive and non-executive) and senior executives and to oversee the remuneration framework for Directors and senior executives. The Board does not consider separate committees to cover these matters are warranted at this stage of the Company's evolution. The committee comprises the following members:

- Peter Slaughter (Chair)
- James Wentworth
- Darren Hamblin

Functions performed by the committee include the following:

- providing advice in relation to remuneration packages of senior executives, non-executive
 Directors and executive Directors, equity-based incentive plans and other employee benefit programs;
- reviewing the Company's recruitment, retention and termination policies;
- reviewing the Company's superannuation arrangements;
- reviewing succession plans of senior executives and executive Directors;
- recommending individuals for nomination as members of the Board and its committees;
- ensuring the performance of senior executives and members of the Board are reviewed at least annually;
- considering those aspects of the Company's remuneration policies and packages, including equity-based incentives, which should be subject to shareholder approval;
- monitoring the size and composition of the Board;
- development of suitable criteria (with regard to skills, qualifications and experience) for Board candidates;
- identification and consideration of possible candidates, and recommendation to the Board accordingly;
- establishment of procedures, and recommendations to the Chairman, for the proper oversight of the Board and management; and
- ensuring the performance of each Director and of senior management, is reviewed and assessed each year in accordance with procedures adopted by the Board.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee will meet as often as necessary, but must meet at least twice a year.

1.6 Good Corporate Governance Commitment

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest standards of conduct and has undertaken various initiatives, as outlined in this Statement, that are designed to achieve this objective. Mastermyne Group's suite of corporate governance documents is intended to develop good corporate governance and, generally, to build a culture of best practice both in Mastermyne Group's own internal practices and in its dealings with others.

The following are a tangible demonstration of Mastermyne Group's corporate governance commitment. Independent Professional Advice

Corporate Governance Statement

With the prior approval of the Chairman, which may not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, each Director has the right to seek independent legal and other professional advice concerning any aspect of the Company's operations or undertakings in order to fulfil their duties and responsibilities as Directors. Any costs incurred are borne by Mastermyne Group.

Code of Conduct

Mastermyne Group has developed and adopted detailed Codes of Conduct to guide Directors, Senior Executives and employees in the performance of their duties.

Securities Trading Policy

Mastermyne Group has developed and adopted a formal Securities Trading Policy to regulate dealings in securities by Directors, key management personnel and other employees, and their associates. This is designed to ensure fair and transparent trading in accordance with both the law and best practice.

The policy was revised in December 2010 and released on the ASX. It includes restrictions and clearance procedures in relation to when trading can and cannot occur during stated 'closed' and 'prohibited' periods and whilst in possession of price sensitive information. Otherwise, those persons may generally deal in securities during stated 'trading windows'.

The Board will ensure that restrictions on dealings in securities are strictly enforced.

1.7 Compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council Recommendations

The Board has assessed the Company's current practices against the Recommendations and outlines its assessment below:

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The role of the Board and delegation to management have been formalised as described in this Statement and the Board Charter, and will continue to be refined, in accordance with the Recommendations, in light of practical experience gained in operating as a listed company.

Directors are provided with a letter on appointment which details the terms and conditions of their appointment, provides clear guidance on what input is required by them, and includes materials to assist with induction into the Company.

The process for evaluating the performance of senior executives is covered in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter and has recently taken place in accordance with that process. Mastermyne Group complies with the Recommendations in this area.

Principle 2 - Structure the board to add value

The Board currently consists of five directors, including two executive Directors. Profiles of each Director, outlining their appointment dates, qualifications, directorships of other listed companies (including those held at any time in the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year), experience and expertise, are set out in the Directors' Report.

Two Directors, being the Chairman, Mr Peter Slaughter, and Mr James Wentworth, are independent (in terms of the criteria detailed in the Recommendations), giving the Board the benefit of independent and unfettered judgment. The other three Directors, comprising the two founders and the Managing Director, are not independent; one of the founders is a non-executive Director.

The Board considers that a five person board is appropriate for a company with the size and growth profile of Mastermyne Group. It believes the skills and industry knowledge of the three non-independent Directors will be beneficial in transitioning the Company during its early years as a listed entity and assist with maintaining its current culture and focus. The Board further considers that to add additional independent directors at this time would increase the Board's size beyond an efficient working level.

Corporate Governance Statement

However, the Board may seek to add additional independent directors in the future and/or replace an existing non-independent Director.

There are procedures in place to allow Directors to seek, at Mastermyne Group's expense, independent advice concerning any aspect of Mastermyne Group's operations.

A Remuneration and Nomination Committee has been established with its own charter, as detailed above.

The Board is committed to a performance evaluation process, but as the Company was formed just over a year ago the Board has deferred its inaugural evaluation for the time being.

Principle 3 – Promote ethical and responsible decision making

The Board has adopted detailed Codes of Conduct to guide Directors, executives and employees in the performance of their duties

The codes have been designed with a view to ensuring the highest ethical and professional standards, as well as compliance with legal obligations, and therefore compliance with the Recommendations.

The Company recognises the benefits that can arise to the organisation from diversity in the workplace covering gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background and in various other areas. So, in December 2010 the Board approved a Diversity Policy which details the Company's approach to promoting a corporate culture that embraces diversity when selecting and appointing its employees and Directors.

This policy outlines measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity throughout the Company over the longer term, and progress towards achieving them will be assessed annually by the Board and will be disclosed in future Annual Reports.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

The Audit and Risk Management Committee, with its own charter, complies with the Recommendations. All the members of this committee are required to be financially literate.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Mastermyne Group's current practice on disclosure is consistent with the Recommendations. Policies for compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements are included in the Company's Board Charter and Continuous Disclosure Policy.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of shareholders

The Board recognises the importance of this principle and strives to communicate with Shareholders regularly and clearly, both by electronic means and using more traditional communication methods. Shareholders are encouraged to attend and participate at general meetings. The Company's auditors are required to attend the annual general meeting and are available to answer Shareholder's questions relevant to the audit.

The Company's practices generally comply with the Recommendations in relation to the rights of Shareholders, however as yet the Company has not formulated policy into a published document due to the focus of management time on operational matters since the Company listed on ASX.

The Company has, however, covered a number of aspects of this principle it its Continuous Disclosure Policy, including in relation to briefings with investors and analysts.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risks

The Board, together with management, seeks to identify, monitor and mitigate risk. Internal controls are monitored on a continuous basis and, wherever possible, improved. The whole issue of risk management is identified in the Company's various corporate governance policies and will continue to be kept under regular review. Review takes place at both Audit and Risk Management Committee level, with meetings at least four times a year, and at Board level.

Corporate Governance Statement

With regard to improving adherence to the Recommendations, the Board has:

- identified the Company's material business risks, which are detailed in the Risk Factors statement on the Company's website;
- asked management to design and implement an integrated risk management and internal control system to manage the Company's material business risks, with the assistance of appropriately qualified and experienced professionals, and report to it on whether the risks are being managed effectively.

The Board has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Principle 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Remuneration of Directors and executives is fully disclosed in the Remuneration Report (contained in the Directors' Report) and any changes with respect to key executives will be announced in accordance with continuous disclosure principles.

In accordance with the Recommendations, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee has three non-executive Director members of which two are independent including its Chair, and the committee oversees the ambit of this principle.

The aggregate level of non-executive Directors' remuneration is currently set at \$300,000 approved on 22 March 2010 and any increase must be approved by shareholders. Non-executive Directors are not provided with any retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation.



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To: the directors of Mastermyne Group Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG.

KPMG

M J Jeffery Partner

Brisbane

24 August 2011

Balance sheet As at 30 June 2011

| | | Consolidated | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------------|----------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | Note | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 18 | 6,020 | 8,718 | |
| Trade and other receivables | 17 | 31,929 | 11,928 | |
| Inventories | 16 | 1,654 | 1,357 | |
| Total current assets | , , _ | 39,603 | 22,003 | |
| Deferred tax assets | 15 — | | 652 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 13 | 30,680 | 19,670 | |
| Intangible assets | 14 | 20,253 | 20,584 | |
| Total non-current assets | · · | 50,933 | 40,906 | |
| Total assets | | 90,536 | 62,909 | |
| | _ | | <u> </u> | |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 24 | 18,808 | 10,419 | |
| Loans and borrowings | 21 | 5,955 | 6,184 | |
| Employee benefits | 22 | 3,846 | 2,503 | |
| Current tax payable | 15 | 1,195 | 2,026 | |
| Total current liabilities | | 29,804 | 21,132 | |
| Loans and borrowings | 21 | 17,135 | 7,847 | |
| Employee benefits | 22 | 87 | 28 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 15 | 684 | 823 | |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 17,906 | 8,698 | |
| Total liabilities | | 47,710 | 29,830 | |
| Net assets | | 42,826 | 33,079 | |
| Equity | | | | |
| Share capital | | 49,124 | 48,610 | |
| Reserves | | (22,907) | (23,034) | |
| Retained earnings | | 16,609 | 7,503 | |
| Total equity | | 42,826 | 33,079 | |

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2011

| | | Consolid | ated |
|--|-------|-----------|----------|
| In thousands of AUD | Note | 2011 | 2010 |
| Revenue | 7 | 164,830 | 98,122 |
| Other income | 8 | 3,833 | 41 |
| Contract disbursements | O | (26,604) | (15,406) |
| Personnel expenses | 10 | (111,581) | (62,742) |
| Office expenses | 70 | (5,049) | (3,484) |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | 13,14 | (5,374) | (4,642) |
| Impairment loss | 13 | (3,034) | - |
| Other expenses | 9 | (2,037) | (3,723) |
| Results from operating activities | | 14,984 | 8,166 |
| | | | |
| Finance income | | 63 | 155 |
| Finance expense | | (1,652) | (1,213) |
| Net finance expense | 11 | (1,589) | (1,058) |
| Profit before income tax | | 13,395 | 7,108 |
| Income tax expense | 12 | (1,653) | (2,333) |
| Profit for the period | | 11,742 | 4,775 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | 11,742 | 4,775 |
| Formings now share | | | |
| Earnings per share Basic earnings per share (AUD) | 20 | 0.16 | 0.09 |
| Diluted earnings per share (AUD) | 20 | 0.16 | 0.09 |
| - • | | | |

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2011

| In thousands of AUD | | | Share-based | Other | Common | |
|--|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | Share capital | Retained earnings | reserve (note 19) | equity (note 19) | Reserve (note 19) | Total |
| Consolidated | • |) | | • | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2009 | 9,686 | 6,446 | 450 | 8,083 | , | 24.665 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | | | • | | |
| Profit for the period | • | 4,775 | ı | | • | 4.775 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 1 | 4,775 | | - | • | 4,775 |
| Transactions with owners recorded directly in equity | | | | | | |
| Issue of ordinary shares for cash | 40,000 | • | • | • | • | 40,000 |
| Issue of ordinary shares to settle contingent consideration | 310 | • | 1 | 1 | • | 310 |
| Share options exercised | 291 | ı | • | • | • | 291 |
| Capital Paid up | 376 | 1 | 1 | • | • | 376 |
| Share-buy back | (2,053) | (3,359) | 1 | (8,083) | • | (13,495) |
| Share-based payment transactions | • | • | 753 | • | • | 753 |
| Dividends to equity holders | | (328) | 1 | • | | (328) |
| Group Restructure | 1 | - | | • | (24,237) | (24,237) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners | 38,924 | (3,718) | 753 | (8,083) | (24,237) | 3,639 |
| Balance at 30 June 2010 | 48,610 | 7,503 | 1,203 | 1 | (24,237) | 33,079 |
| Balance at 1 July 2010 | 48,610 | 7,503 | 1,203 | • | (24,237) | 33,079 |
| rotal comprenensive income for the period Profit for the period | 1 | 11,742 | • | • | • | 11.742 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | • | 11,742 | • | 5 | • | 11,742 |
| Transactions with owners recorded directly in equity | | | | | | |
| Issue of ordinary shares to settle contingent consideration | 514 | • | 1 | 1 | ı | 514 |
| Share-based payment transactions | • | ı | 127 | • | 1 | 127 |
| Dividends to equity holders | • | (2,636) | - | 1 | 1 | (2,636) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners | 514 | (2,636) | 127 | • | | (1,995) |
| Balance at 30 June 2011 | 49,124 | 16,609 | 1,330 | • | (24,237) | 42,826 |

Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2011

| | | Consolid | ated |
|--|---|-----------|----------|
| In thousands of AUD | Note | 2011 | 2010 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Cash receipts from customers | | 165,189 | 106,510 |
| Cash paid to suppliers and employees | | (152,098) | (88,507) |
| Cash generated from operations | | 13,091 | 18,003 |
| Interest paid | | (1,726) | (1,304) |
| Income tax paid | | (1,972) | (1,600) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 28 | 9,393 | 15,099 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | | 343 | 1,921 |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | | (3,131) | (2,256) |
| Interest received | | 63 | 155 |
| Business acquisition, net of cash acquired | | - | (2,390) |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | _ | (2,725) | (2,570) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from issue of share capital, net of issue costs | | _ | 37,478 |
| Buyback of shares on group restructure | | _ | (24,237) |
| Payment in relation to share buy-back | | _ | (13,496) |
| Proceeds from uncalled capital | | _ | 376 |
| Proceeds from exercise of share options | | _ | 291 |
| Proceeds from borrowings | | 532 | 2,436 |
| Repayment of borrowings | | (7,262) | (11,900) |
| Dividends paid | 19 | (2,636) | (359) |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | | (9,366) | (9,411) |
| _ | *************************************** | | |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (2,698) | 3,118 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | | 8,718 | 5,600 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 18 | 6,020 | 8,718 |
| | | | |

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2011

1 Reporting entity

Mastermyne Group Limited (the 'Company') is a company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is Level 1, 45 River Street, Mackay Qld 4740. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2011 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the 'Group' and individually as 'Group entities').

The Group is primarily involved in to provide contracting services to the underground long wall mining operations and open cut electrical services in the coalfields of Queensland's Bowen Basin and New South Wales.

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial report of the Group complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 August 2011.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency and the functional currency of each entity in the Group.

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, all financial information presented in Australian Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

- note 13 property, plant & equipment
- note 14 intangible assets
- note 23 measurement of share-based payments

(e) Changes in accounting policies

Starting as of 1 July 2010, the group has applied amendments to AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial statements* outlined in AASB 2010-4 Further amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project. The change in accounting policy only relates to disclosures and had no impact on consolidated earnings per share or net income.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities, except as explained in notes 2(e), 3(a)(i) and 3(d)(i), which address changes in accounting policy.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights that currently are exercisable.

Acquisitions on or after 1 July 2009

For acquisitions on or after 1 July 2009, the Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Costs related to the acquisition, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

Any contingent consideration payable is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in profit or loss.

When share-based payment awards (replacement awards) are required to be exchanged for awards held by the acquiree's employees (acquiree's awards) and relate to past services, then all or a portion of the amount of the acquirer's replacement awards is included in measuring the consideration transferred in the business combination. This determination is based on the market-based value of the replacement awards compared with the market-based value of the acquiree's awards and the extent to which the replacement awards relate to past and/or future service.

Acquisitions between 1 July 2004 and 1 July 2009

For acquisitions between 1 July 2004 and 1 July 2009, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. When the excess was negative, a bargain purchase gain was recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurred in connection with business combinations were capitalised as part of the cost of the acquisition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Acquisitions prior to 1 July 2004 (date of transition to IFRSs)

As part of its transition to IFRSs, the Group elected to restate only those business combinations that occurred on or after 1 July 2003. In respect of acquisitions prior to 1 July 2003, goodwill represents the amount recognised under the Group's previous accounting framework, [Australian GAAP].

Acquisitions on non-controlling interests are accounted for as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners and therefore no goodwill is recognised as a result of such transactions. The adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on a proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary.

(ii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

(iii) Acquisitions from entities under common control

Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the control of the shareholder that controls the Group are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented or, if later, at the date that common control was established; for this purpose comparatives are restated. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at the carrying amounts recognised previously in the Group's controlling shareholder's consolidated financial statements. The components of equity of the acquired entities are added to the same components within the Group. Any cash paid for the acquisition is recognised directly in equity.

(iv) Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

v Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other payables.

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below.

A financial instrument is recognised if the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised if the Group's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or if the Group transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date, i.e. the date that the Group commits itself to purchase or sell the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised if the Group's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Accounting for finance income and expense is discussed in note 3(m).

Other

Other non-derivative financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses (see note 3(h)(i)).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Purchase of share capital

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, is recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located and capitalised borrowing costs.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and are recognised within "other income" and "other expenses" in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation reserve are transferred to retained earnings.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on both a straight-line and diminishing basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The depreciation rates which reflect the estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

| | | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| • | Low value pool | 18.75 - 37.5% | 18.75 - 37.5% |
| • | Plant and equipment | 7.50 - 50% | 7.50 - 50% |
| • | Motor vehicles | 12.50 - 30% | 12.50 - 30% |
| • | Computer equipment | 37.50 - 50% | 37.50 - 50% |
| • | Office furniture and equipment | 66.66% | 66.66% |
| • | Leasehold improvements | 7.50 - 15% | 7.50 - 15% |

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(iv) Leasehold improvements

The cost of improvements to or in leasehold properties is amortised over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements to the Group, whichever is shorter.

(d) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill that arises upon the acquisition of the subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. For the measurement of goodwill at initial recognition, see note 3 (a)(i).

Subsequent Measurement

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Intangible assets (continued)

(iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iv) Amortisation

Amortisation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

2011

2010

Customer related intangibles

3-7 years

3-7 years

Intellectual Property

8-10 years

8-10 years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted if appropriate.

(e) Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Other leases are operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised in the Group's balance

(f) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the first-in first-out principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(g) Unbilled Revenue

Unbilled Revenue is the estimated amount recoverable from customers in relation to unbilled services rendered as at balance date.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Impairment

(i) Financial assets (including receivables)

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets (including equity securities) are impaired can include default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security. In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is objective evidence of impairment.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against receivables. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

(ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill, and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit"). Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing, CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment is tested reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Impairment (continued)

The Group's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows. If there is an indication that a corporate asset may be impaired, then the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the corporate asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(i) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss in periods during which services are rendered by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods plus related oncosts; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Group is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised if the Group has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting period, then they are discounted to their present value.

(iv) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations including liabilities for wages, salaries, annual leave and sick leave represent present obligations resulting from employee's services provided to reporting date and are calculated on an undiscounted basis on remuneration wage and salary rates that the Group expects to pay as at reporting date including related on-costs, such as workers compensation, insurance and payroll tax.

Non-accumulating non-monetary benefits, such as medical care, housing, cars and free or subsidised goods and services are expensed based on the net marginal cost to the Group as the benefits are taken by the employees.

(v) Bonus plans

A liability and an expense for employee benefits in the form of profit sharing and bonus plans is recognised in other creditors when there is no realistic alternative but to settle the liability and at least one of the following conditions is met:

- There are formal terms in the plan for determining the amount of the benefit;
- The amounts to be paid are determined before the time of completion of the financial report, or
- Past practice gives clear evidence of the amount of the obligation.

Liabilities for profit sharing and bonus plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(vi) Share-based payment transactions

The grant-date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that do not meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(j) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

(k) Revenue

(i) Goods sold

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

(ii) Services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date for fixed price work and as services are provided for work completed on schedule of rates. The stage of completion for fixed price work is assessed by reference to the tasks completed as per the agreed schedule of work provided. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration.

(I) Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

(m) Finance income and expense

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested and dividend income. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit and loss using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date that the Group's right to receive payment is established, which in the case of quoted securities is the ex-dividend date.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) Finance income and expense (continued)

Finance expenses comprise interest expense on borrowings, unwinding of the discount on provisions and impairment losses recognised on financial assets. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

(n) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax payable also includes any tax liability arising from the declaration of dividends.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax is not recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend is recognised. The Group does not distribute non-cash assets as dividends to its shareholders.

The Company and its wholly-owned Australian resident entities are part of a tax-consolidated group formed with effect from 7 May 2010. As a consequence, all members of the tax-consolidated group are taxed as a single entity. The head entity within the tax-consolidated group is Mastermyne Group Limited.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(p) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are regularly reviewed by the Board to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Board include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarters), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly investments (other than investment property) and related revenue, loans and borrowings and related expenses, corporate assets (primarily the Group's headquarters) and head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

(q) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

(r) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2010, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements of the Group. AASB 9 *Financial Instruments*, which becomes mandatory for the Group's 2014 consolidated financial statements, could change the classification and measurement of financial assets. The Group does not plan to adopt this standard early and the extent of the impact has not yet been determined.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

4 Determination of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. Where applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset, liability or transaction.

i Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is based on market values. The market value of property is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The market value of items of plant, equipment, fixtures and fittings is based on management's estimate of market value at the date of acquisition.

ii Inventories

The fair value of inventories acquired in a business combination is determined based on its estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale, and a reasonable profit margin based on the effort required to complete and sell the inventories.

iii Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables, excluding construction work in progress, but including service concession receivables, is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. The fair value is determined for disclosure purposes or when acquired in a business combination.

iv Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of employee stock options is measured using a binomial option pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

v Non-derivative financial liabilities

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes, is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. For finance leases the market rate of interest is determined by reference to similar lease agreements.

vi Contingent Considerations

The fair value of contingent consideration is calculated using the income approach based on the expected payment amounts and their associated probabilities (i.e. probability-weighted). Since the contingent consideration is long-term in nature, it is discounted to present value.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

5 Financial risk management

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- · credit risk
- · interest rate risk
- liquidity risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this financial report.

Risk Management Framework

The Board, together with management, seeks to identify, monitor and mitigate risk. Internal controls are monitored on a continuous basis and, wherever possible, improved. The whole issue of risk management is identified in the Company's various corporate governance policies and will continue to be kept under regular review. Review takes place at both Audit and Risk Management Committee level, with meetings at least four times a year, and at Board level.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers.

Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer.

The vast majority of the Group's customers are the large multinational mining companies whose track record of payment has resulted in a very good credit history. There is no formal credit policy but each customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions (30 days) are offered. The Group operates under signed contracts, purchase orders and forward purchase agreements which all have agreed payment terms included. Over the last three financial years the only bad debts recognised were in relation to Pike River Coal Ltd who went bankrupt as a result of the explosion underground in November 2010. All outstanding debts at the time of the disaster were recognised as bad debts in the statement of comprehensive income.

The aged receivables are reviewed on a weekly basis by senior management and overdue amounts followed up with customers for payment. The Group does not require collateral in respect of trade and other receivables.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

5 Financial risk management (continued) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Typically the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand and undrawn facilities to meet expected operational cash flows for a period of 70 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted. The Group maintains the following lines of credit:

- A \$14 million Flexible Options Facility that can be split into Commercial Bills, overdraft and bank guarantees as required. Currently the facilities are split in the following proportions.
 - \$9 million overdraft facility that is unsecured.
 - \$4.5 million Commercial bill facility that can be drawn down
 - \$0.5 million Revolving bank guarantee facility
- \$1 million Commercial bill facility that is on principal reduction each quarter.
- \$20.0 million Equipment finance facility.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Interest rate risk

The Group ensures that interest rates for equipment finance are fixed at the time each individual equipment loan is entered into for the term of the loan; and the interest rates for commercial bills are fixed for the term of the commercial bills.

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as net operating income divided by total shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

6 Segment information

Business segments

The group has three reportable segments , as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different services and products and are managed separately because they require different skill bases and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Group's Managing Director reviews internal management reports on a monthly basis. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Underground Mining Services: The provision of project management and engineering services; labour and equipment hire; underground conveyor installation, extension and maintenance; underground roadway development; underground ventilation device installation; bulk materials handling system installation and relocation and underground mine support services.
- Electrical and Mechanical Services: The Services division specialises in all facets of above ground electrical and mechanical services, including construction, maintenance and overhaul of draglines, wash plants, materials handling systems and other surface infrastructure.
- Engineering and Fabrication: The design and fabrication of attachments for underground equipment; general engineering and fabrication; supply of consumables for underground coal mines.

There are varying levels of integration between the Underground and Services reportable segments. This integration includes transfers of human resources and shared overhead resources. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as described in notes 2 and 3.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included on the following page. Performance is measured based on segment profit before income tax as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the by the Group's Managing Director. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

6 Segment information (continued)

Business Segments

| | Underground mini | ng services | Engineering ar | nd fabrication | Electrical and Me Services | | Consolid | ated |
|---|------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| External revenues | 150,088 | 87,168 | 13,469 | 8,778 | 1,272 | 2,176 | 164,830 | 98,122 |
| Intersegment revenue | 396 | 123 | 1,975 | 845 | 4,312 | 787 | 6,683 | 1,755 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 4,666 | (4,093) | (394) | (507) | (49) | (41) | 4,223 | (4,640) |
| Net finance costs | 1,587 | (1,062) | 3 | 13 | - | (9) | 1,590 | (1,058) |
| Reportable Segment profit/(loss) before income tax | 13,518 | 9,900 | 1,099 | 564 | (790) | (74) | 13,827 | 10,390 |
| Other material non cash items: Impairment on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets | (3,047) | | | | | | (3,047) | |
| Segment assets | 71,438 | 43,292 | 14,118 | 13,321 | 4,980 | 5,691 | 90,536 | 62,304 |
| Capital expenditure | 18,758 | 5,970 | 210 | 42 | 212 | 19 | 19,180 | 6,031 |
| Segment liabilities | (47,460) | (28,446) | (2,021) | (1,432) | 162 | (75) | (49,318) | (29,953) |

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities and other material items

| in thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Revenues | | |
| Total revenue for reportable segments | 171,512 | 99,877 |
| Elimination of inter-segment revenue | (6,683) | (1,755) |
| Consolidated revenue | 164,830 | 98,122 |
| | | |
| Profit or loss | | |
| Total profit or loss for reportable segments | 13,827 | 10,390 |
| Elimination of inter-segment profits | (437) | (344) |
| Unallocated amounts: other corporate expenses | 5 | (2,938) |
| Consolidated profit before income tax | 13,395 | 7,108 |
| | | |
| Assets | | |
| Total assets for reportable segments | 90,536 | 62,304 |
| Other assets | - | 605 |
| Consolidated total assets | 90,536 | 62,909 |
| | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Total liabilities for reportable segments | 49,318 | 29,953 |
| Other liabilities | (1,608) | (123) |
| Consolidated total liabilities | 47,710 | 29,830 |
| - | | |

Geographical Information

The Group has only operated in Australia and New Zealand during the period. Total revenue from New Zealand operations represents \$1,594 thousand (2010: Nil) of the Group's total revenue. All assets are held within Australia as at 30 June 2011.

Major Customers

The Group has 3 customers, all in the underground mining services segment, which individually represent in excess of 10% of Group revenues (2010: 2 customers representing in excess of 10% of the Group revenues). The total revenue from these customers represents \$79,933 thousand (2010: \$50,324 thousand) of the Group's total revenues.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

| | _ | | | |
|---|----|-----|----|---|
| 7 | - | 1/0 | - | _ |
| , | Re | ve | HU | ı |

| | Consolid | lated |
|---------------------|----------|--------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Contracting revenue | 146,518 | 85,295 |
| Sale of goods | 13,469 | 8,778 |
| Machinery hire | 4,843 | 4,049 |
| | 164,830 | 98,122 |
| Sale of goods | 4,843 | 4,049 |

8 Other income

| | Consolid | lated |
|---|----------|-------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Administration revenue Insurance income from third parties for items of property, plant and equipment that were | 228 | 16 |
| impaired, lost or given up | 3,600 | - |
| Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | 5 | 25 |
| - 1-1-1 | ···· | |
| | 3,833 | 41 |

9 Other expenses

| | Consolid | ated |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Loss on sale of property, plant and | | |
| equipment | 10 | 132 |
| IPO expense | (4) | 2,522 |
| Business acquisition costs | 11 | 232 |
| Business Development Costs | 51 | 214 |
| Insurance | 796 | 623 |
| Impairment loss on trade receivables | 1,173 | |
| | 2,037 | 3,723 |
| | | |

10 Personnel expenses

| • | Consolid | lated |
|---------------------------------------|----------|--------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Wages and salaries | 100,069 | 55,133 |
| Other associated personnel expenses | 6,500 | 3,948 |
| Contributions to defined contribution | | |
| superannuation funds | 4,885 | 2,908 |
| Equity-settled share-based payment | | |
| transactions | 127 | 753 |
| | 111,581 | 62,742 |

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

| 11 | Finance income and expense | | |
|----|---|-----------|---------|
| | Recognised in profit or loss | Consolid | ated |
| | In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| | Interest income | 63 | 155 |
| | Finance income | 63 | 155 |
| | Bank Charges | (116) | (47) |
| | Interest expense | (1,536) | (1,166) |
| | Finance expense | (1,652) | (1,213) |
| | Net finance expense recognised in profit or | | |
| | loss | (1,589) | (1,058) |
| 12 | Income tax expense | | |
| 12 | moonic tax expense | Consolida | ated |
| | In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| | Current tax expense | | |
| | Current period | 1,588 | 3,286 |
| | Adjustment for prior periods | (425) | (208) |
| | Adjustment for prior periods | 1,163 | 3,078 |
| | Deferred tax expense | | |
| | Origination and reversal of temporary | | |
| | differences | 513 | (745) |
| | Adjustment for prior period | (23) | - |
| | / rajadament for prior period | 490 | (745) |
| | Total income tax expense | 1,653 | 2,333 |
| | Numerical reconciliation between tax | | |
| | expense and pre-tax accounting profit | | |
| | oxponed and pro tan accounting prosess | Consolid | ated |
| | In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| | Profit excluding income tax | 13,395 | 7,108 |
| | Income tax using the Group's statutory income tax rate of 30% (2009: 30%) | 4,019 | 2,133 |
| | Non-deductible expenses | 421 | 408 |
| | Effects of Entering into Tax Consolidation | (2,362) | |
| | Under/(over) provision of previous year | (425) | (208) |
| | Official (Over) provision of provided your | 1,653 | 2,333 |
| | | ., | |

| the financial statements (continued) | ar ended 30 June 2011 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Notes to the fire | For the year ended |

| Cost or deemed cost Balance at 1 July 2009 Additions Disposals Acquired through business combination Transfers Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Additions | row value poor | ulauldinha | MOTOL VEILLGES | ednibinen | capital var | and equipment | mprovernens | lotal |
|---|----------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------|
| Balance at 1 July 2009 Additions Josposals Acquired through business combination Transfers Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Additions | | | | | | | | |
| Additions Disposals Acquired through business combination Transfers Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Additions | GUS | 25,413 | 1,785 | 777 | 406 | 192 | 172 | 29,550 |
| Disposals Acquired through business combination Transfers Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Additions | 25 | 3,901 | 205 | 123 | 1,754 | 23 | • | 6,031 |
| Acquired through business combination Transfers Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Discocale | • | (3,179) | (9) | (2) | • | • | • | (3,190) |
| Transfers Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Afficiors | က | 878 | 227 | | • | 32 | • | 1,140 |
| Balance at 30 June 2010 Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions | • | (180) | • | - | (139) | | • | |
| Balance at 1 July 2010 Additions Disnocals | 833 | 26,833 | 2,211 | 968 | 2,021 | 565 | 172 | 33,531 |
| Additions | 833 | 26,833 | 2,211 | 896 | 2,021 | 565 | 172 | 33,531 |
| Disnosals | 78 | 13,940 | 468 | 268 | 4,104 | 98 | 236 | 19,180 |
| Disposals | (30) | (108) | (294) | (54) | • | (62) | | (548) |
| Impairment Loss | | (3,469) | • | • | • | • | • | (3,469) |
| Transfers | 47 | 1,959 | (72) | 26 | (1,901) | (68) | • | • |
| Balance at 30 June 2011 | 928 | 39,155 | 2,313 | 1,166 | 4,224 | 200 | 408 | 48,694 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2009 | 646 | 8,838 | 786 | 489 | • | 73 | | 10,899 |
| Depreciation for the year | 28 | 3,524 | 276 | 145 | • | 78 | 43 | 4,124 |
| Disposals | • | (1,152) | (2) | (2) | • | • | | (1,162) |
| Transfers | | • | • | • | | • | - | ' |
| Balance at 30 June 2010 | 704 | 11,210 | 1,057 | 629 | | 151 | 110 | 13,861 |
| Balance at 1 July 2010 | 704 | 11,210 | 1,057 | 629 | ı | 151 | 110 | 13,861 |
| Depreciation for the year | 61 | 3,941 | 354 | 184 | • | 176 | 72 | 4,788 |
| Disposals | (15) | (24) | (121) | (18) | • | (22) | • | (200) |
| Impairment loss | • | (435) | • | • | • | | | (435) |
| Transfers | 18 | 28 | (38) | 36 | • | (43) | | , |
| Balance at 30 June 2011 | 768 | 14,720 | 1,251 | 831 | • | 262 | 182 | 18,014 |
| Carrying amounts | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2009 | 159 | 16,575 | 666 | 288 | 406 | 119 | 105 | 18,651 |
| At 30 June 2010 | 129 | 15,623 | 1,154 | 267 | 2,021 | 414 | 62 | 19,670 |
| At 1 July 2010 | 129 | 15,623 | 1,154 | 267 | 2,021 | 414 | 62 | 19,670 |
| At 30 June 2011 | 160 | 24.435 | 1.062 | 335 | 4.224 | 238 | 226 | 30,680 |

The Group leases equipment under a number of finance lease agreements. At 30 June 2011 the net carrying amount of leased plant and equipment was \$17,977 thousand (2010: \$11,287 thousand).

Impairment
During the rote of the year ending 30 June 2011, Mastermyne Pty Ltd a legal entity in the Underground division of the Group, entered into a dry hire arrangement for an underground continuous miner (ABM20) with Pike River Coal Ltd in New Zealand.

On 19 November 2010 there was an explosion underground ceasing mining operations and subsequently commencing a recovery effort at the mine. By 31 December 2010 the mine experienced 3 more explosions, increasing gas levels and temperatures and significantly hampering efforts to re-enter the mine. Initially, Directors were of the view that it was probable that the asset could be recovered. Following a thorough investigation, conducted since early attainty to determine the probability of recovery of the asset, the main conclusions are that:

1. Then has been insufficient physical evidence as to the condition of the machine and:
2. There has been no indication that the likelihood of re- entry to the mine has substantially improved.

As a result of this investigation it was determined that recovery of the machine was not probable, the Directors have come to the view that the full carrying value of the asset \$3,034 thousand should be impaired as at the 31 December 2010.

Mastermyne has continued negotiations with the insurers in relation to the claim for this loss event. Insurers have acknowledged that Mastermyne is an insured under the Industrial Special Risks (ISR) insurance policy issued by the insurers in favour of Pike River Coal Ltd and have offered terms for settlement. Negotiations are nearly complete but a settlement amount hadn't been formally agreed at 30 June 2011.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2010

| 14 | Intai | ngible | assets |
|----|-------|--------|--------|
|----|-------|--------|--------|

| | Consolic | iated |
|--|----------|---------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Goodwill | | |
| Cost (gross carrying amount) | 18,268 | 18,013 |
| Net carrying amount | 18,268 | 18,013 |
| Customer relationships | | |
| Cost (gross carrying amount) | 2,669 | 2,669 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | (1,636) | (1,169) |
| Net carrying amount | 1,033 | 1,500 |
| Intellectual property | | |
| Cost (gross carrying amount) | 1,483 | 1,483 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | (531) | (412) |
| Net carrying amount | 952 | 1,071 |
| Total intangible assets | | |
| Cost (gross carrying amount) | 22,420 | 22,165 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | (2,167) | (1,581) |
| Net carrying amount | 20,253 | 20,584 |
| Reconciliation of carrying amount at beginning and end of the period | | |
| | Consolid | lated |
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Goodwill | | |
| Carrying amount - opening | 18,013 | 17,181 |
| | 055 | 000 |

| the period | Consolidated | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Goodwill | | | |
| Carrying amount - opening | 18,013 | 17,181 | |
| Increase in contingent consideration | 255 | 832 | |
| Carrying amount - closing | 18,268 | 18,013 | |
| Customer relationships | | | |
| Carrying amount - opening | 1,500 | 1,679 | |
| Acquired in business combination | - | 259 | |
| Amortisation | (467) | (438) | |
| Carrying amount - closing | 1,033 | 1,500 | |
| Intellectual property | | | |
| Carrying amount - opening | 1,071 | - | |
| Acquired in business combination | - | 1,151 | |
| Amortisation | (119) | (80) | |
| Carrying amount - closing | 952 | 1,071 | |
| Total intangible assets | | | |
| Carrying amount - opening | 20,584 | 18,860 | |
| Acquired in business combination | · - | 1,410 | |
| Increase in contingent consideration | 255 | 832 | |
| Amortisation | (586) | (518) | |
| Carrying amount - closing | 20,253 | 20,584 | |
| | | | |

Goodwill relates to the acquisitions of Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd, Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2010

14 Intangible assets (continued)

Amortisation and impairment charge

The accounting policy for the recognition and measurement of intangible assets is set out in note 3(d).

Impairment testing for cash-generating units containing goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group's operating divisions which represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, which is not higher than the group's operating segments as reported in Note 6.

The aggregate carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each unit are as follows:

| | Consolidated | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Underground mining services | 6,429 | | |
| Engineering and fabrication | 7,301 | 7,301 | |
| Electrical services | 4,538 | 4,538 | |
| | 18,268 | 18,013 | |

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating units was based on their value in use and was determined by reference to the discounted future cash flows generated from the continuing use of each unit. For all cash generating units the value in use was determined to be greater than the carrying amount.

Value in use was determined by discounting the future cash flows generated from the continuing use of the unit and was based on the following key assumptions:

- Cash flows were projected based on past experience, actual operating results and the business plans for the year ended 30 June 2011 and 2012. Cash flows for a further 3-year period were extrapolated using a constant growth rate of 5 percent with cash flows from individual units. Management believes that this forecast was justified due to the longterm nature of the underground mining services business from which each cash generating unit derives its cash flows.
- A pre-tax discount rate of 13.44% percent was applied in determining the recoverable amount of the units. The discount
 rate was calculated based on the Group's weighted average cost of capital, an industry average beta, risk-free rate
 based on Australian government 10 year treasury bonds, and a market risk premium of 6% and a calculated cost of debt
 based on the Group's current debt and interest rates payable on this debt.

Increase in Contingent Consideration

Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd

- On acquisition in the year ended 30 June 2008, the Group recognised contingent consideration of \$509 thousand based on an expected payment of \$590 thousand (determined from management's estimate of EBITDA for the 2009 and 2010 financial years), discounted to present value at 6 percent per annum.
- At 1 July 2009, \$590 thousand remained payable, the present value of which was \$548 thousand, discounted at 6 percent per annum.
- During the year ended 30 June 2010, additional contingent consideration of \$832 thousand was recognised as a result
 of the improved performance of Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd relative to management's initial estimate of the
 EBITDA. Further, contingent consideration totalling \$620 thousand was paid, half in cash and half by way of the issue
 of 452 shares in Mastermyne Pty Ltd.
- As at 30 June 2010, the recognised balance of contingent consideration to be paid in November 2010 was \$773 thousand, being the present value of the expected payment of \$850 thousand, discounted at 6 percent per annum.
- During the year ended 30 June 2011, additional contingent consideration of \$255 thousand was recognised in goodwill as a result of the improved performance of Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd relative to management's initial estimate of the EBITDA. All related contingent considerations were subsequently paid during the year ended 30 June 2011.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2010

15 Tax assets and liabilities

Current tax assets and liabilities

The current tax liability for the Group of \$1,195 thousand (2009: \$2,026 thousand) represents the amount of income taxes payable, in respect of current and prior periods.

The consolidated liability includes the income tax payable by the company and its subsidiaries.

Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

| Consolidated | nsolidated Assets | | Liabilities | | Net | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------------|---------|---------|-------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Employee benefits | 938 | 645 | = | - | 938 | 645 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 22 | 22 | (519) | (969) | (497) | (947) |
| Receivables | - | - | (1,080) | - | (1,080) | - |
| Intangible assets | 98 | 98 | (276) | (389) | (178) | (291) |
| Accruals | 243 | 71 | - | - | 243 | 71 |
| Capital raising and business | 515 | 804 | (31) | (31) | 484 | 773 |
| acquisition costs | | | (4.070) | (400) | (4.070) | (400) |
| Unbilled revenue | - | - | (1,070) | (422) | (1,070) | (422) |
| Other items | 278 | - | - | - | 278 | - |
| Tax loss carry-forwards | 198 | - | - | - | 198 | - |
| Tax assets/(liabilities) | 2,292 | 1,640 | (2,976) | (1,811) | (684) | (171) |
| Set off of tax | _ | (988) | _ | 988 | - | |
| Net tax assets/(liabilities) | 2,292 | 652 | (2,976) | (823) | (684) | (171) |

Movement in temporary differences during the year

| Consolidated | Balance 1 July 2009 | Recognised in profit or loss | Acquired in business combinations | Balance 30 June 2010 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| In thousands of AUD | | | | |
| Employee benefits | 550 | 70 | 25 | 645 |
| Property, plant and equipment | (1,108) | 161 | - | (947) |
| Intangible assets | (406) | 115 | - | (291) |
| Accruals | 64 | (2) | 9 | 71 |
| Capital raising and business acquisition costs | 273 | 500 | - | 773 |
| Unbilled revenue | (289) | (133) | - | (422) |
| | (916) | 711 | 34 | (171) |

| Consolidated | Balance 1 July 2010 | Recognised in profit or loss | Acquired in business combinations | Balance 30 June 2011 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| In thousands of AUD | | | | |
| Employee benefits | 645 | 293 | - | 938 |
| Property, plant and equipment | (947) | 450 | - | (497) |
| Receivables | - | (1,080) | - | (1,080) |
| Intangible assets | (291) | 113 | - | (178) |
| Accruals | 71 | 172 | - | 243 |
| Capital raising and business acquisition costs | 773 | (289) | - | 484 |
| Leased assets | - | - | | - |
| Unbilled revenue | (422) | (648) | - | (1,070) |
| Other items | - | 278 | - | 278 |
| Tax loss carry-forwards | - | 198 | - | 198 |
| • | (171) | (513) | | (684) |

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2010

16 Inventories

| | Consolidated | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Inventory on hand | 1,654 | 1,357 | |
| | 1,654 | 1,357 | |

During the year ended 30 June 2011 raw materials, consumables and changes in finished goods and work in progress recognised as cost of sales amounted to \$3,339 thousand (2010: \$1,813 thousand).

17 Trade and other receivables

| | Consolidated | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Trade receivables | 23,280 | 9,431 | |
| Prepayments | 937 | 476 | |
| Unbilled revenue | 4,027 | 1,679 | |
| Other receivables | 3,685 | 342 | |
| | 31,929 | 11,928 | |

The Group's exposure to credit risks and impairment losses related to trade and other receivables are disclosed in note 25.

18 Cash and cash equivalents

| | Consolidated | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|--|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | | |
| Bank balances Cash on hand | 6,017 3 | 8,713 5 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows | 6,020 | 8,718 | | |

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 25.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

19 Capital and reserves

The share capital of Mastermyne Group Limited is as follows:

| | Ordinary Class shares | |
|--|-----------------------|------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| On issue at 1 July | 72,897,598 | - |
| Issued for cash | | 40,000,000 |
| Shares issued in common control transaction | | 32,897,598 |
| Shares issued to settle contingent consideration | 469,916 | |
| Exercise of share options | - | - |
| On issue at 30 June – fully paid | 73,367,514 | 72,897,598 |

Ordinary shares

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid. The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

The Group has also issued share options (see note 23).

Reserves

Share-based payments reserve

The Share-based Payments Reserve represents the grant date fair value of options granted to senior managers or key management personnel of the Company (see note 23).

Common Control Reserve

As a result of combinations of entities under common control, an equity account was created called the common control reserve. The balance of this account represents the excess of the fair value of Mastermyne Group Limited securities as at 7 May 2010 over the initial carrying value of Mastermyne Pty Ltd as at the date of Mastermyne Group Limited becoming the new parent entity of the Group.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

19 Capital and reserves (continued)

Other contributed equity

Other contributed equity represents the excess of the fair value of the previous convertible preference shares over their face value upon modification of their terms to convert them to equity. The face value upon modification was recognised as share capital.

Dividends

| Dividends recognised in the current year by the Group are: | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | In thousands of AUD | llars per share | Total amount | Franked / unfranked | Date of payment |
| | 2011 | | | | |
| | 2010 Ordinary - Ordinary Shares Final Dividend | \$ 0.012 | 875 | Franked | 5/10/2010 |
| | 2011 Ordinary - Ordinary Shares Interim Dividend | \$ 0.024 | 1,761 | Franked | 15/04/2011 |
| | Total amount | | 2,636 | | |
| | 2010 | | | | |
| | 2010 Ordinary - A&B Ordinary Shares | \$ 1.94 | 118 | Franked | 30/09/2009 |
| | 2010 Ordinary - A&B Ordinary Shares | \$ 1.94 | 121 | Franked | 31/12/2009 |
| | 2010 Ordinary - A&B Ordinary Shares | \$ 1.94 | 120 | Franked | 30/04/2010 |
| | Total amount | | 359 | | |
| | | | | | |

Franked dividends declared or paid during the year were franked at the tax rate of 30 percent.

After the balance sheet date, a dividend of 3.7 cents per share was declared by the Directors, fully franked at the rate of 30%. The record date for entitlement to this dividend will be 28 September 2011 and the payment date will be 13 October 2011.

| | Company | |
|---|---------|-------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Dividend franking account | | |
| 30 percent franking credits available to shareholders of Mastermyne Group Limited for | | |
| subsequent financial years | 8,559 | 7,622 |

The balance of the dividend franking account represents the total of the individual franking accounts within the companies comprising the consolidated entity.

The above available amounts are based on the balance of the dividend franking account at year-end adjusted for:

- (i) franking credits that will arise from the payment of the current tax liabilities;
- (ii) franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the year-end;
- (iii) franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables by the Group at the year-end; and
- (iv) franking credits that the entity may be prevented from distributing in subsequent years.

The ability to utilise the franking credits is dependent upon there being available profits to declare dividends.

The impact on the dividend franking account of dividends proposed after balance date but not recognised as a liability is to reduce it by \$1,163 thousand (2010:nil)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

20 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at 30 June 2011 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$11,742 thousand (2010: \$4,775 thousand) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of 73,202,722 (2010: 50,392,827), calculated as follows.

Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders

| Tone dame to the state of the s | Consolidated | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Profit for the period Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | 11,742 11,742 | 4,775 4,775 | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | Consolid | ated | |

| weighted averag | c manniber | or or amary | Onaroo |
|---------------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| | | | |
| Number of shares | | | |
| Nullibel Of Silates | | | |

| Issued ordinary shares at 1 July | 72,897,598 | 46,666,241 |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Effect of share options exercised | - | 309,177 |
| Effect of shares issued | 305,124 | 5,903,840 |
| Effect of share buyback | - | (719,866) |
| Effect of scrip for cash buyback | | (1,766,565) |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June | 73,202,722 | 50,392,827 |

Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share at 30 June 2011 was based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$11,742 thousand (2010: \$4,775 thousand) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares of 73,202,722 (2010: 50,392,827), calculated as follows:

| Profit attributable | to ordinary shareholds | re (diluted) |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|

| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|----------|-------|
| Profit for the period | 11,742 | 4,775 |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | 11,742 | 4,775 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) | Consolid | latod |
| Number of shores | 2011 | 2010 |
| Number of shares | 2011 | |

| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic) | 73,202,722 | 50,392,827 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at 30 June | 73,202,722 | 50,392,827 |
| | | |

The average market value of the Company's shares for purposes of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period that the options were outstanding.

The prior period figures for basic and diluted earnings per share have been adjusted for transactions that adjusted the number of shares without a corresponding change in resources. The number of ordinary shares has been adjusted as if the event occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented.

2010

2011

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

21 Loans and borrowings

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings which are measured at amortised cost. For more information about the Company's and Group's exposure to interest rate and liquidity risk, see note 26.

| In thousands of AUD | Consolidated | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Insurance premium funding (unsecured) | 176 | 326 | |
| Finance lease liabilities (secured) | 4,779 | 3,686 | |
| Commercial bill facility (secured) | 1,000 | 1,400 | |
| Contingent consideration (unsecured) | - | 773 | |
| Loan - Mynesight | - | (1) | |
| , , | 5,955 | 6,184 | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Finance lease liabilities (secured) | 12,635 | 2,847 | |
| Contingent consideration (unsecured) | - | - | |
| Commercial bill facility (secured) | 4,500 | 5,000 | |
| • • • | 17,135 | 7,847 | |

Security

Finance lease

Finance lease facilities are drawn with the Westpac Banking Corporation, and are secured by a charge over the asset to which the facility relates to and a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the Group.

Westpac Commercial Bill Facility

The Westpac Commercial bill is drawn with the Westpac Banking Corporation for the purpose of working capital, and is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all assets and uncalled capital of the Group.

Finance lease liabilities

Finance lease liabilities of the Group are payable as follows:

Consolidated

| In thousands of AUD | Future minimum lease payments 2011 | Interest 2011 | Present value of minimum lease payments 2011 | Future minimum lease payments 2010 | Interest 2010 | Present value of minimum lease payments 2010 |
|----------------------------|--|------------------|---|--|------------------|--|
| Less than one year | 6,312 | (1,533) | 4,779 | 4,107 | (421) | 3,686 |
| Between one and five years | 14,353 | (1,924) | 12,429 | 3,091 | (244) | 2,847 |
| More than five years | 210 | (4) | 206 | - | - | _ |
| • | 20,875 | (3,461) | 17,414 | 7,198 | (665) | 6,533 |

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

22 Employee benefits

| Consolidated | | |
|--------------|--|--|
| 2011 | 2010 | |
| | | |
| 808 | 299 | |
| 1,506 | 1,111 | |
| 1,444 | 1,024 | |
| 88 | 69 | |
| 3,846 | 2,503 | |
| | | |
| 87 | 28 | |
| 87 | 28 | |
| | 2011 808 1,506 1,444 88 3,846 | |

23 Share-based payments

During the period 1,050,000 performance rights were granted on 23 November 2010. These options vest in 2012 and 2013, expiring in 2013 and 2014 respectively. These rights are subject to performance and are rights to shares in Mastermyne Group Limited.

As part of the consideration for the acquisition of Mastermyne Underground NNSW Pty Ltd during the period ending 30 June 2010, the vendors were given the opportunity to acquire two million fully paid ordinary shares in Mastermyne Group Limited. To be eligible to exercise the options each vendor must still be employed by the Group at the time the options are exercised.

The options exercise period is 24 months from the IPO listing date of 7 May 2010. The options exercise price is \$0.92 per share which is an 8% discount to the IPO listing price of \$1. None of these options were exercised at balance date.

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options is as follows:

| | Veighted average rcise price 2011 | Number of options/rights 2011 | а | /eighted iverage rcise price 2010 | Number of options 2010 |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----|--|------------------------|
| Outstanding at 1 July | \$ 0.920 | 2,000,000 | \$ | 427 | 2,268 |
| Forfeited during the period | \$ - | - | \$ | 427 | (1,587) |
| Exercised during the period | \$ - | - | \$ | 427 | (681) |
| Granted during the period | \$ 0.83 | 1,050,000 | \$ | 0.92 | 2,000,000 |
| Outstanding at 30 June | \$ 0.83 | 3,050,000 | \$ | 0.92 | 2,000,000 |
| Exercisable at 30 June | 1 | 3,050,000 | | _ | 2,000,000 |

24 Trade and other payables

| | Consolida | ated |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Trade payables | 8,878 | 4,693 |
| Sundry creditors and accruals | 9,930 | 5,726 |
| • | 18,808 | 10,419 |

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in note 25.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

25 Financial instruments

Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

| | | Consoli | dated |
|-----------------------------|------|---------|--------|
| In thousands of AUD | Note | 2011 | 2010 |
| Trade and other receivables | 18 | 31,929 | 11,928 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 19 | 6,020 | 8,718 |
| | | 37,949 | 20,646 |

The Group has three significant customers each representing more than 10% of the carrying amount of trade receivables at 30 June 2011. The total of the receivables from these three customers is \$5,801 thousand.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit risk in trade receivables is managed in the following ways: payment terms being 30 days and credit evaluations performed on all new customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The Group does not require collateral in respect of trade receivables.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are held with a AA-Rated Australian bank.

Impairment losses

The aging of the Group's trade receivables at the reporting date was:

| | Consolidated | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Not Past Due | 16,148 | 7,325 |
| Past due 0-30 days | 5,398 | 1,712 |
| Past due 31-60 days | 1,047 | 382 |
| Past due 61-90 days | 315 | 6 |
| Greater than 90 days | 1,518 | 6 |
| | 24,426 | 9,431 |

Impairment losses of \$1,146 thousand recognised at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil).

At 30 June 2011 an Impairment loss of \$1,146 thousand relates to a customer that was placed into receivership during the year. An additional impairment loss of \$27 thousand relates to indivduals who undertook an underground training course in the Group's training facility which will not be recovered.

Based on historic default rates, the Group believes that, apart from the above, no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables not past due or past due by up to 30 days.

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of held-to-maturity investments during the year ended 30 June 2011 was as follows:

| | Consol | idated |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Balance at 1 July | - | - |
| Impairment loss recognised | (1,173) | - |
| Impairment allowance utilised | 27 | |
| Balance at 30 June | (1,146) | - |

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

25 Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

Consolidated

| 2 | N | 1. | ın | 4 | 4 |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|
| | | | | | |

| In thousands of AUD | Note | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | 6 mths or less | 6-12 mths | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | More than 5 years |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Finance lease liabilities | 22 | 17,414 | (20,876) | (3,283) | (3,030) | (5,520) | (8,833) | (210) |
| Commercial bill facility | 22 | 5,500 | (7,035) | (674) | (657) | (301) | (5,403) | - |
| Insurance premium funding | 22 | 176 | (176) | (176) | - | - | - | - |
| Trade and other payables | 25 | 18,808 | (18,808) | (18,808) | - | - | - | - |
| | | 41,898 | (46,895) | (22,941) | (3,687) | (5,821) | (14,236) | (210) |

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Consolidated

30-Jun-10

| In thousands of AUD | Note | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | 6 mths or less | 6-12 mths | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | More than 5 years |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Finance lease liabilities | 22 | 6,533 | (7,198) | (2,678) | (1,429) | (1,955) | (1,136) | - |
| Contingent consideration | 22 | 773 | (850) | (850) | - | - | - | - |
| Commercial bill facility | 22 | 6,400 | (7,956) | (696) | (680) | (1,212) | (5,368) | - |
| Insurance premium funding | 22 | 326 | (326) | (326) | - | - | - | - |
| Trade and other payables | 25 | 10,419 | (10,419) | (10,419) | - | - | - | - |
| | | 24,451 | (26,749) | (14,969) | (2,109) | (3,167) | (6,504) | _ |

Interest rate risk

Profile

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

| | Consoli Carrying a | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 |
| Fixed rate instruments | | |
| Financial liabilities & Insurance | | |
| premium funding | (17,590) | (7,633) |
| | (17,590) | (7,633) |
| Variable rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | 6,020 | 8,718 |
| Financial liabilities | (5,500) | (6,400) |
| | 520 | 2,318 |
| | | |

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

25 Financial instruments (continued)

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

At 30 June 2011 the effect on profit as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant, would be as follows:

| Effect In thousands of AUD | Consolidated | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------|--|--|
| | 2011 | 2010 | | |
| Change in profit | | | | |
| Increase in interest rate by 1% | (59) | (62) | | |
| Decrease in interest rate by 2% | 118 | 124 | | |

The above interest rate sensitivity analysis has been performed on the assumption that all other variables remain unchanged.

A change in interest rate on the above variable rate instruments would have had no impact on equity.

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the Group is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

Fair values

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet, are as follows:

| Consolidated | 30 June 2011 | | 30 June 2010 | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|
| In thousands of AUD | Carrying amount | Fair value | Carrying amount | Fair value |
| Assets Carried at Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 31,929 | 31,929 | 11,928 | 11,928 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6,020 | 6,020 | 8,718 | 8,718 |
| | 37,949 | 37,949 | 20,646 | 20,646 |
| Liabilities Carried at Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Finance lease liabilities | (17,414) | (17,768) | (6,533) | (6,620) |
| Contingent consideration | - | - | (773) | (773) |
| Commercial bill facility | (5,500) | (5,500) | (6,400) | (6,400) |
| Insurance premium funding | (176) | (176) | (326) | (326) |
| Trade and other payables | (18,808) | (18,808) | (10,419) | (10,419) |
| | (41,898) | (42,252) | (24,451) | (24,538) |
| | | | | |

The basis for determining fair values is disclosed in note 4

Interest rates used for determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows are based on current market rates for similar lease agreements, and were as follows:

| - | 2011 | 2010 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| Finance Lease Liabilities | 9.04% | 8.98% |

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2011

26 Operating leases

Leases as lessee

Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows:

| | Consolidated | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Less than one year | 1,164 | 209 | |
| Between one and five years | 2,159 | - | |
| More than five years | - | - | |
| • | 3,323 | 209 | |

The amount recognised during the year in relation to minimum lease payments for the year ended 30 June 2011 totalled \$859 thousand (2010: \$589 thousand) for the Group.

27 Capital and other commitments

In thousands of AUD

| Capital expenditure commitments | | |
|--|----------|-------|
| Plant and equipment | Consolid | ated |
| Contracted but not provided for and payable: | 2011 | 2010 |
| Within one year | 3,474 | 3,732 |
| One year or later and no later than five years | - | - |
| Later than five years | _ | - |
| · | 3.474 | 3.732 |

28 Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

| .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | Consolidated | | |
|--|------|--------------|---------|--|
| In thousands of AUD | Note | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | 11,741 | 4,775 | |
| Adjustments for: | | | | |
| Depreciation | 13 | 4,788 | 4,124 | |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 14 | 586 | 518 | |
| Impairment loss | 13 | 3,034 | - | |
| Gain/(loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment | 8,9 | 5 | 107 | |
| Share based payments | 10 | 127 | 753 | |
| Net finance expense | 11 | 1,589 | 1,058 | |
| Financing Transaction Costs | | - | 2,522 | |
| Income tax expense | 12 | 1,653 | 2,333 | |
| Operating profit before changes in working | | | | |
| capital and provisions | | 23,523 | 16,190 | |
| Change in trade and other receivables* | 17 | (20,001) | (2,072) | |
| Change in inventories | 16 | (297) | (522) | |
| Change in trade and other payables* | 24 | 8,463 | 4,003 | |
| Change in provisions and employee benefits* | 22 | 1,402 | 404 | |
| | | 13,090 | 18,003 | |
| Interest paid | | (1,725) | (1,304) | |
| Income taxes paid | | (1,972) | (1,600) | |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 9,393 | 15,099 | |
| *Excluding changes due to business combinations | | | | |

(i) Non-cash transactions

During the year the Group acquired plant and equipment totalling \$16,049 thousand (2010: \$3,775 thousand) by way of finance lease. The related acquisition and financing has been excluded from the statement of cash flows as non-cash transactions.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

29 Related parties

Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensation included in 'personnel expenses' (see note 11) are as follows:

| | Consolidated | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| In AUD | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Short-term employee benefits | 1,790,086 | 1,366,401 | |
| Post-employment benefits | 124,940 | 93,536 | |
| Termination benefits | - | - | |
| | 1,915,026 | 1,459,937 | |

Individual directors and executives compensation

Information regarding individual directors and executives compensation and some equity instruments disclosures as required by Corporations Regulations 2M.3.03 is provided in the remuneration report section of the directors' report. Apart from the details disclosed in this note, no director has entered into a material contract with the Group since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year-end.

Loans to key management personnel

No loans made, guaranteed or secured by the Company to key management personnel for the year.

Key management personnel and director transactions

A number of key management persons, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

A number of these entities transacted with the Group or its subsidiaries in the reporting period. The terms and conditions of the transactions with management persons and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-director related entities on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence were as follows:

| In AUD | | Transaction value year ended 30 June | | Balance outstanding as at 30 June | |
|------------------------------|-------|---|---------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Transaction | Note | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Andrew Watts - Watty Pty Ltd | (i) | 168,300 | 168,300 | 14,025 | 28,050 |
| Andrew Watts - Watty Pty Ltd | (ii) | 98,928 | 96,403 | 8,430 | - |
| Andrew Watts - Two Dots Ltd | (iii) | 44,616 | 40,560 | - | - |
| | | 311,844 | 264,703 | 22,455 | 28,050 |

- (i) The Group rents the premises at 45 River Street, Mackay which is owned by Andrew Watts through his company Watty Pty Ltd. Amounts paid for rent are at arm's length and are due and payable under normal payment terms.
- (ii) The Group also rents a duplex situated at 56 Grosvenor Drive, Moranbah which is owned by Andrew Watts through his company Watty Pty Ltd. Amounts paid for rent are at arm's length and are due and payable under normal payment terms.
- (ii) The Group also rents machinery storage and laydown area at Christensen's Road, Sandy Creek which is owned by Andrew Watts through his company Two Dots Pty Ltd. Amounts paid for rent are at arm's length and are due and payable under normal payment terms.

From time to time, directors of the Group, or their related entities, may purchase goods or services from the Group. These purchases are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Group employees or customers and are trivial or domestic in nature.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

29 Related parties (continued)

Movements in shares

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in Mastermyne Group Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

| | Shares in Mastermyne Group Limited | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|--|
| | Shares held at 30 June 2010 | Purchases | Received on exercise of options | Sales | Shares held at 30 June 2011 | |
| Directors | 1 | | | | | |
| Mr P. Slaughter | 100,000 | 10,000 | | | 110,000 | |
| Mr D. Hamblin | 10,155,658 | | | | 10,155,658 | |
| Mr A. Watts | 15,105,428 | | | | 15,105,428 | |
| Mr A. Caruso | 1,798,000 | | | | 1,798,000 | |
| Mr J. Wentworth | - | | | | - | |
| Executives | | | | | - | |
| Mr C. Kneipp | 20,000 | | | | 20,000 | |
| Ms V. Gayton | - | | | | - | |
| Ms B. Jooste | - | | | | - | |
| Mr A. Purse | 32,000 | | | | 32,000 | |
| Mr D. Fitzpatrick | 100,000 | | | | 100,000 | |

| | Shares in Mastermyne Pty Ltd Prior to the IPO | | | | Shares in Mastermyne Group Limited | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|-------|--|--|--------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Held at 1 July 2009 | Purchases | Received on exercise of options | Sales | Shares held immediately Prior to the IPO | Equivalent shares if held in the Listed entity immediately prior to the IPO | Sales in IPO | Purchases in IPO | Shares held at 30 June 2010 |
| Directors | | | | | | | | | |
| Mr P. Slaughter | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Mr D. Hamblin | 22,800 | 22 | - | - | 22,822 | 17,521,164 | (7,365,506) | - | 10,155,658 |
| Mr A. Watts | 22,800 | 26 | - | - | 22,826 | 17,523,746 | (2,418,318) | - | 15,105,428 |
| Mr A. Caruso | 3,600 | 4 | - | - | 3,604 | 2,766,863 | (968,863) | - | 1,798,000 |
| Mr I. Hall | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Executives | | | | | | | | | |
| Mr C. Kneipp | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Mr A. Purse | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 32,000 | 32,000 |
| Mr D. Fitzpatrick | - | - | - | - | - | <u>-</u> | - | 100,000 | 100,000 |

Transactions with parent and between subsidiaries

Transactions occurring between the parent and subsidiaries are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. These transactions have been eliminated on consolidation:

- Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd, provided work to Mastermyne NNSW Pty Ltd for an amount of \$6,571 (2010: Nil). \$7,515 was outstanding between Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd and Mastermyne NNSW Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil)
- Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd, provided work to Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd for an amount of \$29,085 (2010: Nil). There was no amount outstanding between Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Service Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil).
- Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd, provided work to Mastermyne Pty Ltd for an amount of \$4,311,947 (2010: \$787,591). \$103,657 was outstanding between Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: \$69,845).
- Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd, provided work to Myne Start Pty Ltd for an amount of \$41,051 (2010: Nil). There was no amount outstanding between Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd and Myne Start Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil)
- Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd provided work to Mastermyne Pty Ltd for an amount of \$5,994 (2010: \$24,311). \$13,114 was outstanding between Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil)
- Mastermyne Pty Ltd provided work to Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd for an amount of \$8,967 (2010: \$1,782). \$29,091 was outstanding between Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil)
- Mastermyne Pty Ltd provided work to Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd for an amount of \$224,234 (2010: \$96,484). \$175,124 was outstanding between Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: \$8,778)
- Mastermyne Pty Ltd provided work to Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd for an amount of \$13,312 (2010: Nil). \$51,883 was outstanding between Mastermyne Pty Ltd and Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil)
- Mastermyne Pty Ltd provided work to Mastermyne Underground NNSW Pty Ltd for an amount of \$102,426 (2010: Nii). \$266,857 was outstanding between Mastermyne Pty Ltd and Mastermyne NNSW Pty Ltd at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nii)

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

29 Related parties (continued)

Transactions with parent and between subsidiaries (continued)

During the year, the subsidiaries were also charged a shared services fee by Mastermyne Pty Ltd in relation to shared support services provided by Mastermyne Pty Ltd in relation to the following areas: CEO, CFO, Accountant, Group Safety Manager, HR/IR, Safety and Training Coordinator, IT Support, Administration, Payroll, Accounts Payable and Receivable. The calculation for the shared services fees for the subsidiaries is based on the proportion of the subsidiary's contribution to total Group turnover. These transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

- Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd Shared Services Fee \$149,022 (2010: \$173,422)
- Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd Shared Services Fee \$64,166 (2010: \$64,166)
- Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd Shared Services Fee \$64,166 (2010: \$64,166)
- Mastermyne Underground NNSW Pty Ltd Shared Services Fee \$74,400 (2010: Nil)

30 Group entities

Parent and ultimate controlling party

| Parent entity | Country of incorporation | | Ownership interest | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------|--------------------|--|
| Mastermyne Group Limited | Australia | 2011 | 2010 | |
| | | % | % | |
| Significant subsidiaries | | | | |
| Mastermyne Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| Mastermyne Engineering Pty Itd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| Mastermyne Underground NNSW Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| Myne Start Pty Itd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |

31 Deed of Cross Guarantee

Pursuant to ASIC Class Order 98/1418 (as amended) dated 13 August 1998, the wholly-owned subsidiaries listed below are relieved from the Corporations Act 2001 requirements for preparation, audit and lodgement of financial reports, and directors' report.

It is a condition of the Class Order that the Company and each of the subsidiaries enter into a Deed of Cross Guarantee. The effect of the Deed is that the Company guarantees to each creditor payment in full of any debt in the event of winding up of any of the subsidiaries under certain provisions of the Corporations Act 2001. If a winding up occurs under other provisions of the Act, the Company will only be liable in the event that after six months any creditor has not been paid in full. The subsidiaries have also given similar guarantees in the event that the Company is wound up. The deed took effect on 23 June 2010.

The subsidiaries subject to the deed are:

- Mastermyne Pty Ltd
- Mastermyne Engineering Pty Ltd
- Mastermyne Underground Pty Ltd
- Mastermyne Services Pty Ltd
- Mastermyne Underground NNSW Pty Ltd
- Myne Start Pty Ltd

As all subsidiaries in the wholly owned group are a party to the deed, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated Balance sheet disclosed in these financial statements represent the consolidated financial position and performance of the parties to the deed.

32 Subsequent events

Subsequent to year-end the Directors declared a dividend of 3.7 cents per share as per the details set out in note 20.

Other than the matter discussed above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

Taxation services

Risk Management Services Investigating Accountant Report

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

KPMG Australia

| Auditors' re | emuneration | Consolidat | had |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|
| In AUD | | 2011 | 2010 |
| Audit servi | es | | |
| Auditors of t | he Company | | |
| | KPMG Australia: | | |
| | Audit and review of financial reports | 181,624 | 160,669 |
| | · | 181,624 | 160,669 |
| Other servi | ces | | |
| Auditors of t | he Company | | |

40,997

56,000

96,997

26,144

555,000

581,144

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2011

34 Parent Entity Disclosures

As at and throughout, the financial year ending 30 June 2011 the parent company of the group was Mastermyne Group Limited.

| | Company | | |
|---|------------|---------|--|
| in thousands of AUD Results of the parent entity | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Profit for the period Other Comprehensive income | 1,426 - | (2,159) | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 1,426 | (2,159) | |
| Financial position of parent entity at year end | | | |
| Current assets | - | - | |
| Total assets | 54,479 | 55,098 | |
| Current liabilities | | 50 | |
| Total liabilities | - | 50_ | |
| Total equity of the parent entity | | | |
| Share Capital | 49,124 | 48,610 | |
| Share-based payments reserve | 1,330 | 1,203 | |
| Retained earnings | 4,025 | 5,235 | |
| Total Equity | 54,479 | 55,048 | |

Parent Entity Disclosures

There were no parent entity contingencies required for the year ending 30 June 2011.

Parent Entity Capital Commitments

There were no parent entity capital commitments at 30 June 2011.

Parent Entity Capital Commitments

The parent entity has entered into a Deed of Cross guarantee with the effect that the Company guarantees debts in respect of its subsidiaries. Further details of the Deed of Cross Guarantee and the subsidiaries subject to the deed, are disclosed in note 31.

Directors' declaration

- 1 In the opinion of the directors of Mastermyne Group Limited (the "Company"):
 - (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 23 to 65 and the Remuneration report in the Directors' report, set out on pages 5 to 11, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company and the group entities identified in Note 31 will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are or may become subject to by virtue of the Deed of Cross Guarantee between the Company and those group entities pursuant to ASIC Class Order 98/1418.
- The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the chief executive officer and chief financial officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2011.
- The directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors.

P. Slaughter Chairman

Dated at Mackay this 24th day of August 2011.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Mastermyne Group Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Mastermyne Group Limited (the company), which comprises the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2011, and consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 34 comprising a description of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the Group comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error. In note 2(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Group's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Mastermyne Group Limited (continued)

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a).

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in section 5 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2011. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Mastermyne Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

KPMG.

KPMG

M J Jeffery Partner

Brisbane

24 August 2011